

지인에듀 매뉴얼

고등 내신을 완벽히 대비하는 방법

학생 수준별 맞춤

교과서/부교재/외부지문 학습지 제작 가능!!

상위권 학생

유의어 학습

서술형 대비

지문 변형 문항

중위권 학생

내용이해/어휘
무한반복 테스트

객관식 변형으로
객관식 완벽대비

하위권 학생

객관식 변형
무한반복으로
지문내용 숙지

워크북 해석첨삭

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지문 변형 문항

- 모의고사 직후 바로 제작된 워크북으로 어휘/해석 즉시 학습
- Paraphrasing, 요약문 서술형 완벽 대비
- 소재가 같은 새로운 지문으로 시험에 비슷한 지문 나올 경우 대비
- 자체 동/반의어 프로그램으로 어휘 확장
- 내용이해/어법/어휘/서술형 4가지를 완벽히 실제 시험 형태로 대비

추천 유형 : 유의어, Paraphrasing(스크램블), 요약문(빈칸)
문장테스트(빈칸, 스크램블), 지문변형

고등 내신을 완벽히 대비하는 방법

학생 수준별 맞춤 교과서/부교재/외부지문 학습지 제작 가능!!

중위권 학생

내용이해/어휘
무한반복 테스트

객관식 변형으로
객관식 완벽대비

- 중위권 친구들의 경우 시험 전 지문을 소화 못하는 경우가 많음
- 빠른 자료 제작과 반복 테스트로 어휘/해석 완벽히 점검해야 함
- 아이들이 자습하면서 지문을 외울 수 있게 객관식 문항 10배수 이상 제공
- 객관식 문제만 맞춰도 3등급 이상 가능

추천 유형 : 내용이해(단어,해석,OX), 모의고사 유형 (빈칸,흐름,순서, 제목,주제,위치,일치)문장테스트 (주관식 해석, 빈칸)

고등 내신을 완벽히 대비하는 방법

학생 수준별 맞춤 교과서/부교재/외부지문 학습지 제작 가능!!

하위권 학생

객관식 변형
무한반복으로
지문 내용 숙지

워크북 해석침삭

- 해석부터 정확하게 되지 않는 경우가 많으므로, 교과서 + 부교재 지문 문장 전체를 한줄한줄 해석하는 연습을 해야함. 모의고사 실력과 연계가 많이 되는 학습 방법
- 객관식 변형도 기계적으로 풀다보면 지문이 외워져서 영어 베이스가 없어도 최소 5등급 이상은 받을 수 있음 -> 순서 유형 무한반복

추천 유형 : 내용이해(OX,해석,단어), 모의고사유형(순서,주제,위치 반복)
문장테스트 (주관식 해석)

실제 시험과 자료 비교 (Paraphrasing)

2019년 고2 영어 독해와 작문 2학기 기말 유성어고

YBM(신장현)

❖ 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오. [H2-1911... 41~42번]

We're creatures who live and die by the energy stores we've built up in our bodies. Navigating the world is a difficult job that requires moving around and using a lot of brainpower -an energy-expensive effort. When we make correct predictions, that saves energy. When you know that edible bugs can be found beneath certain types of rocks, it saves turning over all the rocks. (A)우리가 더 잘 예측할수록, 그것은 우리에게 더 적은 에너지를 들게 한다. Repetition makes us more confident in our forecasts and more efficient in our actions. So there's something appealing about predictability. But if our brains are going to all this effort to make the world predictable, that begs the question; if we love predictability so much, why don't we, for example, just replace our televisions with machines that emit a rhythmic beep twenty-four hours a day, predictably? The answer is that there's a problem with a lack of surprise. (B)우리가 어떤 것을 더 잘 이해할수록, 우리는 그것에 대해 생각하는데 노력을 덜 기울인다. Familiarity increases indifference. Repetition suppression sets in and our attention diminishes. This is why - (C)여러분이 월드컵 시리즈 시청을 아무리 즐긴다 할지라도 - you aren't going to be satisfied watching that same game over and over. Although predictability is reassuring, the brain strives to incorporate new facts into its model of the world. It always seeks novelty.

26. 위 글의 밑줄 친 (A)의 우리말과 같도록, <보기>의 단어만을 모두 사용하여 완성하시오. (단, 어형변화 없음)²⁶⁾

<보기>
(energy / it / we / us / the / the / less / costs / predict / better)

정답:

27. 위 글의 밑줄 친 (B)의 우리말과 같도록, <보기>의 단어만을 모두 사용하여 완성하시오. (단, 어형변화 없음)²⁷⁾

<보기>
(better / less / into / it / we / we / the / about / effort / the / understand / put / something / thinking)

정답:

28. 위 글의 밑줄 친 (C)의 우리말과 같도록, <보기>의 단어만을 모두 사용하여 완성하시오. (단어 1개만 변형)²⁸⁾

<보기>
(how / World / the / no / you / enjoyed / much / matter / Series / watch)

정답:

실제 시험 문제

[1~1] 주어진 문장과 의미가 비슷한 문장으로 작문하시오.

1. Repetition makes us more confident in our forecasts and more efficient in our actions.

(tasks / our / enhances / confidence / Repeating) in predictions and enhances our efficiency in tasks.

[1~1] 주어진 문장과 의미가 비슷한 문장으로 작문하시오.

1. Repetition makes us more confident in our forecasts and more efficient in our actions.

The more we repeat something, the more certain we become in our predictions (more / the / proficient / and / we) become in our behaviors.

[1~1] 주어진 문장과 의미가 비슷한 문장으로 작문하시오.

1. Repetition makes us more confident in our forecasts and more efficient in our actions.

Repeated exposure enhances our confidence in our (improves / predictions / our / efficiency / and) in performing tasks.

[1~1] 주어진 문장과 의미가 비슷한 문장으로 작문하시오.

1. Repetition makes us more confident in our forecasts and more efficient in our actions.

Repeated exposure boosts our confidence in (and / our / enhances / our / predictions) effectiveness in our behaviors.

[1~1] 주어진 문장과 의미가 비슷한 문장으로 작문하시오.

1. Repetition makes us more confident in our forecasts and more efficient in our actions.

Repeating tasks (our / predicting / confidence / enhances / in) outcomes and improves our efficiency in carrying out tasks.

지인에듀 변형문제

실제 시험과 자료 비교 (내용이해)

내용 이해 워크북	2019년 고2 11월 41번	지문 수: 1	+	↶	↷	행 병합	줄바꿈 제거	저장
한글 OX 문제 수 (예시)	5							
영어 OX 문제 수 (예시)	5							
영한 해석 적기 문제 수 (예시)	3							
스크램블 문제 수 (예시)	3							
단어 뜻 적기 문제 수 (예시)	10							
내용 이해 질문 문제 수 (예시)	1							
지문 요약 적기 문제 수 (예시)	1							
반복 생성 문제 세트 수	1							

영어 지문 입력	출제 대상 문장 선택
영어 지문	
지문 1	We're creatures who live and die by the energy stores we've built up in our bodies. Navigating the world is a difficult job that requires moving around and using a lot of brainpower — an energy-expensive endeavor. When we make correct predictions, that saves energy. When you know that edible bugs can be found beneath certain types of rocks, it saves turning over all the rocks. The better we predict, the less energy it costs us. Repetition makes us more confident in our forecasts and more efficient in our actions. So there's something appealing about predictability. But if our brains are going to all this effort to make the world predictable, that begs the question: if we love predictability so much, why don't we, for example, just replace our televisions with machines that emit a rhythmic beep twenty-four hours a day, predictably? The answer is that there's a problem with a lack of surprise. The better we understand something, the less effort we put into thinking about it. Familiarity increases indifference. Repetition suppression sets in and our attention diminishes. This is why — no matter how much you enjoyed watching the World Series — you aren't going to be satisfied watching that same game over and over. Although predictability is reassuring, the brain strives to incorporate new facts into its model of the world. It always seeks novelty.
+ 행 추가	

실제 시험과 자료 비교 (내용이해)

2019년 고2 11월 41번 (Paraphrasing) 1 Class: 이름:

[1~10] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

We're creatures who live and die by the energy stores we've built up in our bodies. Navigating the world is a difficult job that requires moving around and using a lot of brainpower — an energy-expensive endeavor. When we make correct predictions, that saves energy. When you know that edible bugs can be found beneath certain types of rocks, it saves turning over all the rocks. The better we predict, the less energy it costs us. Repetition makes us more confident in our forecasts and more efficient in our actions. So there's something appealing about predictability. But if our brains are going to all this effort to make the world predictable, that begs the question: if we love predictability so much, why don't we, for example, just replace our televisions with machines that emit a rhythmic beep twenty-four hours a day, predictably? The answer is that there's a problem with a lack of surprise. The better we understand something, the less effort we put into thinking about it. Familiarity increases indifference. Repetition suppression sets in and our attention diminishes. This is why — no matter how much you enjoyed watching the World Series — you aren't going to be satisfied watching that same game over and over. Although predictability is reassuring, the brain strives to incorporate new facts into its model of the world. It always seeks novelty.

[1~10] 주어진 문장과 의미가 비슷한 문장으로 작문하십시오.

1. We're creatures who live and die by the energy stores we've built up in our bodies.

We are organisms whose **(the / is / on / dependent / survival)** energy reserves accumulated within us.

2. When you know that edible bugs can be found beneath certain types of rocks, it saves turning over all the rocks.

Knowing that edible **(bugs / can / under / be / found)** specific rocks saves the effort of overturning every single rock.

3. So there's something appealing about predictability.

(Predictability / allure. / certain / a / holds)

4. When we make correct predictions, that saves energy.

(accurate / forecasts / energy. / Making / conserves)

5. This is why — no matter how much you enjoyed watching the World Series — you aren't going to be satisfied watching that same game over and over.

(This / regardless / explains / of / why.) your enjoyment of watching the World Series, repeating the same game will not bring satisfaction.

2019년 고2 11월 41번 (Paraphrasing) 1 Class: 이름:

6. Repetition suppression sets in and our attention diminishes.

Repetition suppression occurs, **(decrease / a / leading / to / in)** our focus.

7. Although predictability is reassuring, the brain strives to incorporate new facts into its model of the world.

While predictability provides comfort, the **(to / driven / is / integrate / brain)** fresh information into its understanding of the world.

8. But if our brains are going to all this effort to make the world predictable, that begs the question: if we love predictability so much, why don't we, for example, just replace our televisions with machines that emit a rhythmic beep twenty-four hours a day, predictably?

(If / our / are / brains / putting) in so much effort to create predictability in the world, it raises the question: given our fondness for predictability, why not simply swap our televisions for devices that consistently emit a rhythmic beep round the clock?

9. Navigating the world is a difficult job that requires moving around and using a lot of brainpower — an energy-expensive endeavor.

Traversing the world is a **(task / that / challenging / mobility / necessitates)** and significant cognitive effort, making it a costly expenditure of energy.

10. Repetition makes us more confident in our forecasts and more efficient in our actions.

Repeated exposure enhances **(predictions / our / our / in / confidence)** and efficiency in our behaviors.

실제 시험과 자료 비교 (객관식 변형)

18. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?⁽¹⁰⁾
[H2-1911.37번]

Like the physiological discoveries of the late nineteenth century, today's biological breakthrough has fundamentally altered our understanding of how the human organism works and will change medical practice fundamentally and completely. The word "breakthrough," however, seems to imply in many people's minds an amazing, unprecedented revelation that, in an instant, makes everything clear. Science doesn't actually work that way. Remember the scientific method, which you probably first learned about back in elementary school? It has a long and difficult process of observation, hypothesis, experiment, testing, modifying, retesting, and retesting again and again and again. That's how science works, and the breakthrough understanding of the relationship between our genes and chronic disease happened in just that way, building on the work of scientists from decades - even centuries - ago. In fact, it is still happening; the story continues to unfold as the research presses on.

- ① 오늘날의 초등학교에서는 과학에 대해서 교육할 때 반드시 과거 과학자들의 연구에 대한 내용을 포함해야 한다.
- ② 오늘날 생물학의 획기적인 발전은 관찰, 가설, 실험 검증, 재검증 등의 길고 어려운 과정을 거친 것이다.
- ③ 우리 유전자와 만성 질환 사이의 관계에 대한 획기적인 이해는 현대 과학자들의 과학적 방식을 통해 발견되었다.
- ④ 과학 분야의 획기적인 발견은 순식간에 모든 것을 명확하게 만드는 놀랍고 전례 없는 발견을 의미하는 것이다.
- ⑤ 과학은 과거 과학자들의 연구를 기반으로 관찰, 가설, 실험 검증, 재검증 등의 길고 어려운 과정을 거치면서 작동한다.

유성여고 18번 객관식 변형 예시 - 종합

Class: 이름:

1. 다음 중 글의 내용과 가장 일치하지 않는 것은?

Like the physiological discoveries of the late nineteenth century, today's biological breakthrough has fundamentally altered our understanding of how the human organism works and will change medical practice fundamentally and completely. The word breakthrough, however, seems to imply in many people's minds an amazing, unprecedented revelation that, in an instant, makes everything clear. Science doesn't actually work that way. Remember the scientific method, which you probably first learned about back in elementary school? It has a long and difficult process of observation, hypothesis, experiment, testing, modifying, retesting, and retesting again and again and again. That's how science works, and the breakthrough understanding of the relationship between our genes and chronic disease happened in just that way, building on the work of scientists from decades - even centuries - ago. In fact, it is still happening; the story continues to unfold as the research presses on.

- ① Physiological discoveries in the late 1800s were all incorrect and useless.
- ② Breakthroughs in genetics and chronic disease research build on centuries of work.
- ③ Today's biological breakthrough alters our understanding of the human organism.
- ④ The term "breakthrough" can mislead people into thinking science is instantaneous.
- ⑤ Physiological discoveries in the late 19th century changed medical practice fundamentally.

2. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Like the physiological discoveries of the late nineteenth century, today's biological breakthrough has fundamentally altered our understanding of how the human organism works and will change medical practice fundamentally and completely. The word breakthrough, however, seems to imply in many people's minds an amazing, unprecedented revelation that, in an instant, makes everything clear. Science doesn't actually work that way. Remember the scientific method, which you probably first learned about back in elementary school? It has a long and difficult process of observation, hypothesis, experiment, testing, modifying, retesting, and retesting again and again and again. That's how science works, and the breakthrough understanding of the relationship between our genes and chronic disease happened in just that way, building on the work of scientists from decades - even centuries - ago. In fact, it is still happening; the story continues to unfold as the research presses on.

- ① 인간 유기체 연구의 종료
- ② 생물학에서의 간단하고 빠른 획기
- ③ 과학적 획기의 과정
- ④ 인간 유기체 기능의 즉각적인 발전
- ⑤ 유전자와 질병에 대한 완전한 이해

유성여고 18번 객관식 변형 예시 - 종합

Class: 이름:

3. 다음 중 글의 내용과 가장 일치하지 않는 것은?

Like the physiological discoveries of the late nineteenth century, today's biological breakthrough has fundamentally altered our understanding of how the human organism works and will change medical practice fundamentally and completely. The word breakthrough, however, seems to imply in many people's minds an amazing, unprecedented revelation that, in an instant, makes everything clear. Science doesn't actually work that way. Remember the scientific method, which you probably first learned about back in elementary school? It has a long and difficult process of observation, hypothesis, experiment, testing, modifying, retesting, and retesting again and again and again. That's how science works, and the breakthrough understanding of the relationship between our genes and chronic disease happened in just that way, building on the work of scientists from decades - even centuries - ago. In fact, it is still happening; the story continues to unfold as the research presses on.

- ① "돌파구"라는 용어는 과학적 진전에 대한 오해를 야기할 수 있다.
- ② 유전자와 질병 사이의 관계는 끈질긴 연구를 통해 밝혀졌다.
- ③ 계속되는 과학적 연구는 우리의 인체 지식을 형성하고 있다.
- ④ 과학적 방법은 복잡하고 긴 시행착오 과정을 포함한다.
- ⑤ 유전자와 질병에 대한 폭발적인 이해는 노력 없이 순식간에 일어났다.

4. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Like the physiological discoveries of the late nineteenth century, today's biological breakthrough has fundamentally altered our understanding of how the human organism works and will change medical practice fundamentally and completely. The word breakthrough, however, seems to imply in many people's minds an amazing, unprecedented revelation that, in an instant, makes everything clear. Science doesn't actually work that way. Remember the scientific method, which you probably first learned about back in elementary school? It has a long and difficult process of observation, hypothesis, experiment, testing, modifying, retesting, and retesting again and again and again. That's how science works, and the breakthrough understanding of the relationship between our genes and chronic disease happened in just that way, building on the work of scientists from decades - even centuries - ago. In fact, it is still happening; the story continues to unfold as the research presses on.

- ① The Unprecedented and Amazing Discoveries of Modern Biology
- ② The Long Process of Scientific Breakthroughs
- ③ The Complete and Final Understanding of the Human Organism
- ④ The End of Medical Practice as We Know It
- ⑤ How Science Works: A Quick and Simple Guide

실제 시험과 자료 비교 (객관식 변형)

18. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은? (10)
[H2-1911.37번]

Like the physiological discoveries of the late nineteenth century, today's biological breakthrough has fundamentally altered our understanding of how the human organism works and will change medical practice fundamentally and completely. The word "breakthrough," however, seems to imply in many people's minds an amazing, unprecedented revelation that, in an instant, makes everything clear. Science doesn't actually work that way. Remember the scientific method, which you probably first learned about back in elementary school? It has a long and difficult process of observation, hypothesis, experiment, testing, modifying, retesting, and retesting again and again and again. That's how science works, and the breakthrough understanding of the relationship between our genes and chronic disease happened in just that way, building on the work of scientists from decades - even centuries - ago. In fact, it is still happening; the story continues to unfold as the research presses on.

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- ㉢ 우리 유전자와 만성 질환 사이의 관계에 대한 획기적인 이해는 현대 과학자들의 과학적 방식을 통해 발견되었다.
- ㉣ 과학 분야의 획기적인 발견은 순식간에 모든 것을 명확하게 만드는 놀랍고 전례 없는 발견을 의미하는 것이다.
- ㉤ 과학은 과거 과학자들의 연구를 기반으로 관찰, 가설, 실험 검증, 재검증 등의 길고 어려운 과정을 거치면서 작동한다.

유성여고 18번 객관식 변형 예시 - 종합

Class: 이름:

5. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

Like the physiological discoveries of the late nineteenth century, today's biological breakthrough has fundamentally altered our understanding of how the human organism works and will change medical practice fundamentally and completely. The word breakthrough, however, seems to imply in many people's minds an amazing, unprecedented revelation that, in an instant, makes everything clear. Science doesn't actually work that way. Remember the scientific method, which you probably first learned about back in elementary school? It has a long and difficult process of observation, hypothesis, experiment, testing, modifying, retesting, and retesting again and again and again. That's how science works, and the breakthrough understanding of the relationship between our genes and chronic disease happened in just that way, building on the work of scientists from decades - even centuries - ago. In fact, it is still happening; the story continues to unfold as the research presses on.

- ㉠ 유전자와 만성 질병에 대한 연구 완료
- ㉡ 과학적 방법의 한계
- ㉢ 생물학의 역사적 발견
- ㉣ 유전자와 만성 질병 사이의 관계를 이해하는 생물학적 발전
- ㉤ 생물학적 발전에 대한 오해

6. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Like the physiological discoveries of the late nineteenth century, today's biological breakthrough has fundamentally altered our understanding of how the human organism works and will change medical practice fundamentally and completely.

(A) Remember the scientific method, which you probably first learned about back in elementary school? It has a long and difficult process of observation, hypothesis, experiment, testing, modifying, retesting, and retesting again and again and again.

(B) The word breakthrough, however, seems to imply in many people's minds an amazing, unprecedented revelation that, in an instant, makes everything clear. Science doesn't actually work that way.

(C) That's how science works, and the breakthrough understanding of the relationship between our genes and chronic disease happened in just that way, building on the work of scientists from decades - even centuries - ago. In fact, it is still happening; the story continues to unfold as the research presses on.

- ㉠ (A)-(B)-(C)
- ㉡ (A)-(C)-(B)
- ㉢ (B)-(A)-(C)
- ㉣ (B)-(C)-(A)
- ㉤ (C)-(A)-(B)

유성여고 18번 객관식 변형 예시 - 종합

Class: 이름:

7. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Like the physiological discoveries of the late nineteenth century, today's biological breakthrough has fundamentally altered our understanding of how the human organism works and will change medical practice fundamentally and completely. The word breakthrough, however, seems to imply in many people's minds an amazing, unprecedented revelation that, in an instant, makes everything clear. Science doesn't actually work that way. Remember the scientific method, which you probably first learned about back in elementary school? It has a long and difficult process of observation, hypothesis, experiment, testing, modifying, retesting, and retesting again and again and again. That's how science works, and the breakthrough understanding of the relationship between our genes and chronic disease happened in just that way, building on the work of scientists from decades - even centuries - ago.

- ㉠ Science will never fully understand the complexities of the human organism.
- ㉡ In fact, it is still happening; the story continues to unfold as the research presses on.
- ㉢ The breakthrough in biological research has come to a standstill.
- ㉣ Researchers have given up on uncovering the relationship between genes and chronic disease.
- ㉤ The story of genetic research has reached a dead end.

8. 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

Like the physiological discoveries of the late nineteenth century, today's biological breakthrough has fundamentally altered our understanding of how the human organism works and will change medical practice fundamentally and completely.

㉠. The word breakthrough, however, seems to imply in many people's minds an amazing, unprecedented revelation that, in an instant, makes everything clear. Science doesn't actually work that way. Remember the scientific method, which you probably first learned about back in elementary school? ㉡. It has a long and difficult process of observation, hypothesis, experiment, testing, modifying, retesting, and retesting again and again and again. ㉢. That's how science works, and the breakthrough understanding of the relationship between our genes and chronic disease happened in just that way, building on the work of scientists from decades - even centuries - ago. ㉣. In fact, it is still happening; the story continues to unfold as the research presses on. ㉤.

- ㉠ ㉡
- ㉡ ㉢
- ㉢ ㉣
- ㉣ ㉤
- ㉤ ㉠

실제 시험과 자료 비교 (객관식 변형)

유성여고 19번 객관식 변형 예시 - 종합

Class: 이름:

1. 다음 글의 전체 흐름과 가장 관계없는 문장은?

㉠ The lotus plant (a white water lily) grows in the dirty, muddy bottom of lakes and ponds, yet despite this, its leaves are always clean. ㉡ That is because whenever the smallest particle of dust lands on the plant, it immediately waves the leaf, directing the dust particles to one particular spot. Raindrops falling on the leaves are sent to that same place, to thus wash the dirt away. ㉢ This attribute of the lotus led researchers to design a new house paint. ㉣ Researchers began working on how to develop paints that wash clean in the rain, in much the same way as lotus leaves do. As a result of this investigation, a German company produced a house paint. ㉤ The lotus plant's ability to repel dirt and stay clean has inspired the creation of a new line of cleaning products for households.

- ① ㉠ ② ㉡ ③ ㉢ ④ ㉣ ⑤ ㉤

2. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

The lotus plant (a white water lily) grows in the dirty, muddy bottom of lakes and ponds, yet despite this, its leaves are always clean. That is because whenever the smallest particle of dust lands on the plant, it immediately waves the leaf, directing the dust particles to one particular spot. Raindrops falling on the leaves are sent to that same place, to thus wash the dirt away. This attribute of the lotus led researchers to design a new house paint. Researchers began working on how to develop paints that wash clean in the rain, in much the same way as lotus leaves do. As a result of this investigation, a German company produced a house paint.

- ① The Self-Cleaning Lotus Plant
 ② The Magical Cleaning Lotus
 ③ Lotus Plants: Nature's Cleaning Crew
 ④ The Lotus: A Natural House Painter
 ⑤ How Lotus Leaves Stay Clean

유성여고 19번 객관식 변형 예시 - 종합

Class: 이름:

3. 다음 중 글의 내용과 가장 일치하지 않는 것은?

The lotus plant (a white water lily) grows in the dirty, muddy bottom of lakes and ponds, yet despite this, its leaves are always clean. That is because whenever the smallest particle of dust lands on the plant, it immediately waves the leaf, directing the dust particles to one particular spot. Raindrops falling on the leaves are sent to that same place, to thus wash the dirt away. This attribute of the lotus led researchers to design a new house paint. Researchers began working on how to develop paints that wash clean in the rain, in much the same way as lotus leaves do. As a result of this investigation, a German company produced a house paint.

- ① 연한 연꽃은 더러운 호수에서 자라지만 깨끗한 잎을 유지한다.
 ② 비방울이 연꽃 앞에서 먼지를 씻어낸다.
 ③ 독일 회사가 자가 청소 집 페인트를 성공적으로 생산했다.
 ④ 연한 연꽃에 영감을 받아 연구자들이 새로운 집 페인트를 디자인했다.
 ⑤ 비방울은 연꽃 잎을 깨끗하게 하는 대신에 더럽힌다.

4. 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

Researchers began working on how to develop paints that wash clean in the rain, in much the same way as lotus leaves do.

㉠ The lotus plant (a white water lily) grows in the dirty, muddy bottom of lakes and ponds, yet despite this, its leaves are always clean. That is because whenever the smallest particle of dust lands on the plant, it immediately waves the leaf, directing the dust particles to one particular spot. ㉡ Raindrops falling on the leaves are sent to that same place, to thus wash the dirt away. ㉢ This attribute of the lotus led researchers to design a new house paint. ㉣ As a result of this investigation, a German company produced a house paint. ㉤

- ① ㉠ ② ㉡ ③ ㉢ ④ ㉣ ⑤ ㉤

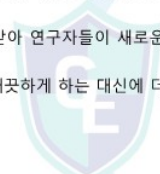
19. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [H2-1911 36번]

The lotus plant (a white water lily) grows in the dirty, muddy bottom of lakes and ponds, yet despite this, its leaves are always clean. That is because whenever the smallest particle of dust lands on the plant, it immediately waves the leaf, directing the dust particles to one particular spot. Raindrops falling on the leaves are sent to that same place, to thus wash the dirt away. This _____ of the lotus led researchers to design a new house paint. Researchers began working on how to develop paints that wash clean in the rain, in much the same way as lotus leaves do. As a result of this investigation, a German company produced a house paint.

- ① attribute ② composition ③ distribution
 ④ habitat ⑤ symbolism



지인에듀



지인에듀

실제 시험과 자료 비교 (객관식 변형)

19. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?19) [H2-1911 36번]

The lotus plant (a white water lily) grows in the dirty, muddy bottom of lakes and ponds, yet despite this, its leaves are always clean. That is because whenever the smallest particle of dust lands on the plant, it immediately waves the leaf, directing the dust particles to one particular spot. Raindrops falling on the leaves are sent to that same place, to thus wash the dirt away. This _____ of the lotus led researchers to design a new house paint. Researchers began working on how to develop paints that wash clean in the rain, in much the same way as lotus leaves do. As a result of this investigation, a German company produced a house paint.

- ① attribute ② composition ③ distribution
- ④ habitat ⑤ symbolism

유성여고 19번 객관식 변형 예시 - 종합

Class: 이름:

5. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

The lotus plant (a white water lily) grows in the dirty, muddy bottom of lakes and ponds, yet despite this, its leaves are always clean. That is because whenever the smallest particle of dust lands on the plant, it immediately waves the leaf, directing the dust particles to one particular spot. Raindrops falling on the leaves are sent to that same place, to thus wash the dirt away. This attribute of the lotus led researchers to design a new house paint. Researchers began working on how to develop paints that wash clean in the rain, in much the same way as lotus leaves do. As a result of this investigation, a German company produced a house paint.

- ① 연꽃 식물에게 더러운 물의 혜택
- ② 다양한 문화에서의 연꽃 식물 상징의 역사
- ③ 연꽃 식물의 광합성 과정
- ④ 연꽃 식물의 자가 청소 기능
- ⑤ 연꽃 식물과 개구리의 관계

6. 다음 중 글의 내용과 가장 일치하지 않는 것은?

The lotus plant (a white water lily) grows in the dirty, muddy bottom of lakes and ponds, yet despite this, its leaves are always clean. That is because whenever the smallest particle of dust lands on the plant, it immediately waves the leaf, directing the dust particles to one particular spot. Raindrops falling on the leaves are sent to that same place, to thus wash the dirt away. This attribute of the lotus led researchers to design a new house paint. Researchers began working on how to develop paints that wash clean in the rain, in much the same way as lotus leaves do. As a result of this investigation, a German company produced a house paint.

- ① Raindrops are used to wash away dirt from lotus leaves.
- ② Researchers were inspired to create a self-cleaning house paint.
- ③ Lotus leaves remain clean despite growing in muddy lakes.
- ④ A German company successfully developed this innovative house paint.
- ⑤ The lotus plant uses rain to attract more dirt on its leaves.

유성여고 19번 객관식 변형 예시 - 종합

Class: 이름:

7. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

The lotus plant (a white water lily) grows in the dirty, muddy bottom of lakes and ponds, yet despite this, its leaves are always clean.

(A) This attribute of the lotus led researchers to design a new house paint.
 (B) That is because whenever the smallest particle of dust lands on the plant, it immediately waves the leaf, directing the dust particles to one particular spot. Raindrops falling on the leaves are sent to that same place, to thus wash the dirt away.
 (C) Researchers began working on how to develop paints that wash clean in the rain, in much the same way as lotus leaves do. As a result of this investigation, a German company produced a house paint.

- ① (A)-(C)-(B)
- ② (B)-(A)-(C)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A)
- ④ (C)-(A)-(B)
- ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

8. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

The lotus plant (a white water lily) grows in the dirty, muddy bottom of lakes and ponds, yet despite this, its leaves are always clean. That is because whenever the smallest particle of dust lands on the plant, it immediately waves the leaf, directing the dust particles to one particular spot. Raindrops falling on the leaves are sent to that same place, to thus wash the dirt away. This attribute of the lotus led researchers to design a new house paint. Researchers began working on how to develop paints that wash clean in the rain, in much the same way as lotus leaves do. As a result of this investigation, a German company produced a house paint.

- ① Growth of lotus flowers in clean water
- ② Self-cleaning properties of lotus leaves
- ③ The lotus plant being unable to clean itself
- ④ The lotus plant as a symbol of impurity
- ⑤ Lotus leaves being dirty and muddy

실제 시험과 자료 비교 (객관식 변형)

모의고사 유형 지문 수: 0 + ↶ ↷ [선택](#) [준바꿈 제거](#) [저장](#)

문장빈칸 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
흐름 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
순서 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
제목(영) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
제목(한) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
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위치 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
일치(영) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
일치(한) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
종합 시험 문제 세트 수 및 포함 유형 설정 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 문장빈칸 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 흐름 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 순서 <input type="checkbox"/> 제목(영) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 제목(한) <input type="checkbox"/> 주제(영) <input type="checkbox"/> 주제(한) <input type="checkbox"/> 위치 <input type="checkbox"/> 일치(영) <input type="checkbox"/> 일치(한)

기타 : 지문 변형

[지문 변형 (베타)] 자이스토리 포인트 리딩 레벨 3 A ~ C

작성자: [김동휘 \(ellykim\)](#) (2024-05-24 17:29:59) **제작 완료**

변형 지문 생성 완료!

아래 [영어 지문 입력 원문] 옆 **[변형 지문]** 탭에서 확인하세요.

설정

시험지 제작 소요 포인트: 0 포인트

변형 지문 생성 반복 횟수 **1포인트/1지문,1반복** 1

지문 (5개)

영어 지문 입력 원문

변형 지문 1

지문 1 There was a three-year-old girl who was suffering from a disease. The little girl needed blood from her five-year-old sister, Madison Walker, who had survived the same disease miraculously. Madison was the only hope for this little girl. The doctor explained the situation to her and asked if she would be willing to give her blood to her little sister. She thought only for a moment and bravely said "Yes, I will do it, if it will save my sister." As the operation started, she lay in bed next to her sister and smiled. Then, her face slowly grew pale and her smile disappeared. She looked up at the nurse beside her and asked her with a trembling voice, "When will I start to die?" The girl misunderstood what the doctor said and thought she had to die to save her sister.

지문 2 Sister Wendy Beckett, the Roman Catholic nun, was born in South Africa in 1930. She was raised in Edinburgh where her father studied medicine. At sixteen, she joined a convent. Sister Wendy studied at the University of Oxford, where she was awarded a first class honors degree in English Literature. After graduating from a college of education in Liverpool, she taught students for 15 years. In the 1980s, she began studying fine art and decided to write a book to earn money for her convent. In 1988, her first book, Contemporary Women Artists, was published. In 1991, the BBC asked her to present a television documentary on the National Gallery in London. On the show, Sister Wendy stood in front of paintings, and without script, discussed them. She found fame in the 1990s with this TV program.

기타 : 지문 변형

소재 변형 학교 추천 기능

[지문 변형 (베타)] 자이스토리 포인트 리딩 레벨 3 A ~ C

작성자: 김동휘 (ellykim) (2024-05-24 17:29:59) **제작 완료**

변형 지문 생성 완료!

아래 [영어 지문 입력 원문] 옆 [변형 지문] 탭에서 확인하세요.

설정

시험지 제작 소요 포인트: 0 포인트

변형 지문 생성 반복 횟수 **1포인트/1지문,1반복** 1

지문 (5개)

영어 지문 입력 원문

변형 지문 1

[변형 지문 1] **[내용 이해 워크북]으로 복사** **[모의고사 유형]으로 복사** **[문장 테스트]으로 복사**

	변형 지문 1
지문 1	A three-year-old girl suffering from an illness needed blood from her five-year-old sister, Madison Walker, who had recovered from the same condition miraculously. Madison was the only hope for her little sister. After the doctor explained the situation to her, Madison bravely agreed to donate her blood to save her sister. During the procedure, as she lay beside her sister, Madison's face turned pale, and her smile vanished. She anxiously asked a nurse when she would start to die, mistakenly believing that she had to sacrifice her life to save her sister.
지문 2	Sister Wendy Beckett, a Catholic nun, was born in South Africa in 1930 and grew up in Edinburgh, where her father was studying medicine. She entered a convent at sixteen and later pursued studies at the University of Oxford, graduating with a first-class degree in English Literature. Following her education at a college in Liverpool, she dedicated fifteen years to teaching. In the 1980s, Sister Wendy delved into the world of fine art and authored a book to support her convent financially. Her debut work, "Contemporary Women Artists", was published in 1988. Sister Wendy's journey to fame began when the BBC approached her to host a television documentary on the National Gallery in London, where she impromptu discussed various paintings. This television series in the 1990s catapulted her to international recognition.

기타 : 문장테스트

문장 전체 암기 확인용, 스크램블 10자 이내 제한

지학사 영어 1 3과 (유성여고 내신대비) - 종합 Class:

이름: _____

1	_____ also _____ a friend to stand _____ so that no _____ would _____ them. 또한 아무도 자신들을 보지 못하도록 지켜줄 친구도 필요했습니다.
2	In the past decade, _____ children _____ died from waterborne _____ than people _____ were killed in the Second World _____ 지난 10년 동안 제2차 세계대전에서 사망한 어린이보다 수인성 질병으로 사망한 어린이가 더 많습니다.
3	This may be why we (often / some / that / things / very / forget / the / they / that / are) people desperately struggle to have. 이것이 바로 어떤 사람들이 필사적으로 갖고 싶어 애쓰는 바로 그것이 바로 그것이라는 사실을 우리가 종종 망각하는 이유일 수 있습니다.
4	Indeed, the most essential (to / water / and / like / things / easy / air, / appear / in / life,) get. 실제로 물이나 공기처럼 삶에 가장 필수적인 것들은 쉽게 얻을 수 있는 것처럼 보입니다.
5	그러나 봄에 도착했을 때 그녀는 다른 많은 사람들도 새벽이 되기 전에 떠났다는 것을 알게 되었습니다.
6	방글라데시의 많은 학교와 마찬가지로 Khadija의 학교에도 물이 흐르는 화장실이 부족했습니다.
7	Let's meet Khadija and Hadjara and see what water means to their lives.
8	What comes to your mind when you think of water?

기타 : 유의어 테스트 토플 형식의 단어 테스트

chap.7: 동의어

이름:

22. operative; busy; working; involved; functioning; occupied

- ① gain weight
- ② active
- ③ keep v-ing
- ④ recommend

23. measure the weight of; have a weight of; measure how heavy someone/something is; tip the scales at; put someone/something on the scales; consider

- ① dessert
- ② weigh
- ③ active
- ④ visitor

24. suppose; think; presume; believe; think it likely; assume

- ① expect
- ② careful
- ③ thin
- ④ season

25. earlier; previous; preceding; former; foregoing; antecedent

- ① sneakers
- ② boring
- ③ hippo

29. look(s); look; air; form; aspect; figure

- ① hippo
- ② appearance
- ③ weigh
- ④ Japanese

30. industrious; hard-working; assiduous; conscientious; particular; punctilious

- ① successful
- ② businessman
- ③ degree
- ④ diligent

31. narrow; fine; pencil-thin; attenuated; thread-like; slim

- ① thin
- ② creative
- ③ hippo
- ④ sneakers

32. happy; jolly; optimistic; merry; enthusiastic; bright

- ① cheerful
- ② weigh
- ③ neatly
- ④ active

33. fashionable; smart; modish;

36. appealing; agreeable; pleasing; inviting; tempting; interesting

- ① strict
- ② noise
- ③ stylish
- ④ attractive

37. piquant; hot; tangy; seasoned; peppery; aromatic

- ① thick
- ② keep v-ing
- ③ spicy
- ④ degree

38. lower in status; lower; lesser; minor; second-class; secondary

- ① strict
- ② creative
- ③ inferior
- ④ touching

chap.7: 반의어

이름:

1. reject; disapprove of; veto; argue against

- ① inferior
- ② baseball cap
- ③ recommend
- ④ in history

2. imprecise; easy-going; loose; liberal; lenient; moderate

- ① subject
- ② charming
- ③ strict
- ④ diligent

3. unsuccessful; unprofitable; poor

- ① expensive
- ② Japanese
- ③ successful
- ④ dessert

4. unfashionable; scruffy; dowdy

- ① degree
- ② keep v-ing
- ③ stylish
- ④ suitcase

5. superior; senior; first-rate; high quality

8. inactive; sluggish; inert; listless; passive; indifferent

- ① cheerful
- ② active
- ③ inferior
- ④ successful

9. hard-headed

- ① noise
- ② turtle
- ③ touching
- ④ suitcase

10. unattractive; uninviting; ugly

- ① order
- ② suitcase
- ③ order
- ④ attractive

11. repulsive; unpleasant

- ① touching
- ② charming
- ③ stylish
- ④ spicy

12. silence; calm

- ① noise
- ② recommend
- ③ businessman

15. lazy; casual

- ① cousin
- ② touching
- ③ sneakers
- ④ diligent

16. chaos; forbid; disarray; ban; untidiness; disarrange

- ① in history
- ② attractive
- ③ order
- ④ previous

17. ignore; take on trust

- ① weigh
- ② nephew
- ③ superior
- ④ nephew

18. confined; shut; restricted; partly

- ① wide
- ② previous
- ③ keep v-ing
- ④ expect

19. thin; slender; runny; empty; light; clever

- ① Japanese

향후 개발 예정 기능

- **Essay / 서술형 검색 기능** : 교사가 작문 숙제를 출제하면, 학습자가 웹에 업로드하고, AI가 검색하여 분석리포트를 제공해주는 기능
- **모의고사 유형** : 어휘, 어법, 연결사 추가 및 교육청 출제기준으로 로직 수정
- **토플 유형 추가** : 초등 원서 수업에 적용하기에 문제 유형이 어려움. 3지 선다로 난이도를 낮추고, 유의어 어휘 유형을 추가하여 확장학습이 가능하도록 지도
- **AI 성능 업그레이드** : 한국식 시험에 자주 출제되는 어휘와 표현을 학습하여 자연스러운 문장구사하게 강화학습 연구 개발중

Contents of work

➤ 1. 내용이해 워크북

➤ 2. 모의고사 유형

➤ 3. 문장 테스트

➤ 4. 지문 변형(베타)

내용이해 워크북

내용이해 워크북이란?

- 제목과 출제할 본문을 복사-붙여넣기합니다.
- 아래 총 7가지 유형(①~⑦)의 문제를 입력하신 수만큼 자동 생성해드립니다.

<유 형>

- ① 한글 OX 문제 - 본문 내용 일치
 - ② 영어 OX 문제 - 본문 내용 일치
 - ③ 영한 해석 문제 -
 - ④ 스크램블 문제 - 한 문장내에서 단어 어순 섞어 올바른 문장 배열
 - ⑤ 단어 뜻 적기
 - ⑥ 내용 이해 질문 -주관식
 - ⑦ 지문 요약 적기 - 빈칸 채워넣기
- 본문은 문장 단위로 쪼개져 원하는 문장을 선택/제거 해서 출제 유형에 맞게 출제 가능합니다

내용이해 워크북 제목&문제 수

➤ 출제할 문제 제목과 문제 수를 입력합니다

내용 이해 워크북		지문 수: 0		행 병합	줄바꿈 제거	저장
① 제목을 입력하세요.						
➤ ①	한글 OX 문제 수 (예시)	5	내용 일치 객관식 유형 대비			
➤ ②	영어 OX 문제 수 (예시)	5	내용 일치 객관식 유형 대비			
➤ ③	영한 해석 적기 문제 수 (예시)	3	서술형 주관식 대비			
➤ ④	스크램블 문제 수 (예시)	3	어순 출제 유형 대비			
➤ ⑤	단어 뜻 적기 문제 수 (예시)	10	어휘력 UP			
➤ ⑥	내용 이해 질문 문제 수 (예시)	1	내용 일치 서술형 주관식 유형 대비			
➤ ⑦	지문 요약 적기 문제 수 (예시)	1	주제/요약/빈칸 추론 유형 대비			
	반복 생성 문제 세트 수	1	당일 무한 변형 가능			

내용이해 워크북 본문 예시

- 출제할 본문을 복사-붙여넣기합니다
- 본문은 즉시 하나의 문장으로 쪼개집니다
- 본문 내 출제하고 싶은 문장을 선택할 수 있습니다
- **해석**은 문장 한/영 해석, **스크램블**은 영어 어순 맞추기 유형입니다

③ 영어 지문 입력 출제 대상 문장 선택

	영어 지문
지문 1	Marilyn and her threeyearold daughter, Sarah, took a trip to the beach, where Sarah built her first sandcastle. Moments later, an enormous wave destroyed Sarah's castle. In response to the loss of her sandcastle, tears streamed down Sarah's cheeks and her heart was broken. She ran to Marilyn, saying she would never build a sandcastle again. Marilyn said, "Part of the joy of building a sandcastle is that, in the end, we give it as a gift to the ocean." Sarah loved this idea and responded with enthusiasm to the idea of building another castle—this time, even closer to the water so the ocean would get its gift sooner!

영어 지문 입력 출제 대상 문장 선택

	⑤ 해석	스크램블	문장
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Marilyn and her threeyearold daughter, Sarah, took a trip to the beach, where Sarah built her first sandcastle.
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Moments later, an enormous wave destroyed Sarah's castle.
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	In response to the loss of her sandcastle, tears streamed down Sarah's cheeks and her heart was broken.
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	She ran to Marilyn, saying she would never build a sandcastle again.
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Marilyn said, "Part of the joy of building a sandcastle is that, in the end, we give it as a gift to the ocean."
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sarah loved this idea and responded with enthusiasm to the idea of building another castle—this time, even closer to the water so the ocean would get its gift sooner!

내용이해 워크북 문제 저장하기

➤ 문제 생성을 위해 저장합니다

내용 이해 워크북	제목을 입력하세요.	지문 수: 0	+	↶	↷	행 병합	줄바꿈 제거	⑥ 저장
한글 OX 문제 수 (예시)		5						
영어 OX 문제 수 (예시)		5						
영한 해석 적기 문제 수 (예시)		3						
스크램블 문제 수 (예시)		3						
단어 뜻 적기 문제 수 (예시)		10						
내용 이해 질문 문제 수 (예시)		1						
지문 요약 적기 문제 수 (예시)		1						
반복 생성 문제 세트 수		1						

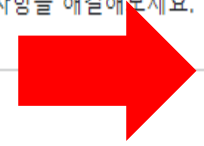
내용 이해 워크북 문제지 생성하기

➤ 처리전 - 문제지 생성하기 클릭- 포인트 차감내용 확인 후 확인 클릭-문제 제작중/PDF 생성중(최대 10분소요)

[내용 이해 워크북] 자이스토리 포인트 리딩 레벨 3 A ~ C

작성자: 박지원 (2024-05-27 13:20:44) **처리 전**

⑦ **문제지 생성하기 (50 포인트 차감)** 버튼을 누르면 문제지 생성이 시작됩니다. 그 전에 **수정하기** 버튼을 눌러 권고 사항을 해결해보세요.



www.ginedu.com 내용:

문제지 생성을 시작할까요? 50 포인트가 차감됩니다.

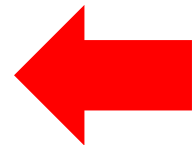
아래 [출제 문장] 탭에서 지문이 문장 단위로 잘 쪼개졌는지 검토해본 뒤 진행해주세요.

⑧ **확인** 취소



[내용 이해 워크북] 자이스토리 포인트 리딩 레벨 3 A ~ C

작성자: 박지원 (2024-05-27 13:20:44) **PDF 생성중 (25%)**



[내용 이해 워크북] 자이스토리 포인트 리딩 레벨 3 A ~ C

작성자: 박지원 (2024-05-27 13:20:44) **문제 제작중 (75%)**

내용이해 워크북 문제지 다운받기

➤ 제작완료 -전체파일 다운 또는 개별 파일(문제지/답지) 다운로드 가능

[내용 이해 워크북] 자이스토리 포인트 리딩 레벨 3 A ~ C

작성자: 김동휘 (2024-05-24 17:28:30)

9 **제작 완료**

제작된 시험지/답지 다운로드

전체 파일 한번에 다운로드 하기

- ⑩ • [자이스토리 포인트 리딩 레벨 3 A ~ C.zip](#)

개별 파일 다운로드 및 미리보기

- [exam 자이스토리 포인트 리딩 레벨 3 A ~ C 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [sol 자이스토리 포인트 리딩 레벨 3 A ~ C 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)

① 한글 OX 문제

입력 예시

①

내용 이해 **브릭스 리딩 복습문제** →

지문 수: 1 + **행 병합** **줄바꿈 제거** **저장**

한글 OX 문제 수 (예시) ③ 2

영어 OX 문제 수 (예시) 3

영한 해석 적기 문제 수 (예시) 2

스크램블 문제 수 (예시) 2

단어 뜻 적기 문제 수 (예시) 3

내용 이해 질문 문제 수 (예시) 1

지문 요약 적기 문제 수 (예시) 1

반복 생성 문제 세트 수 1

영어 지문 입력 **출제 대상 문장 선택**

② 영어 지문

지문 1 "Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me! But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."

출력 예시

① **브릭스 리딩 복습문제** Class: 이름:

② [1-14] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

"Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me! But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."

③ [1~2] 글의 내용과 일치하면 O 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.

1. Paralympics는 지구가 아니라 화성에서 열린다. (O / X)

2. 그녀는 기자 사고로 다리를 잃었지만 경쟁할 힘을 찾았다. (O / X)

[3~5] 글의 내용과 일치하면 O 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.

3. Unfortunately, she lost her left leg in a train accident. (O / X)

4. At a young age, she started running and won many awards. (O / X)

5. April Holmes is a famous American runner with a remarkable story. (O / X)

[6~7] 주어진 영어 문장의 한국어 해석을 적으시오.

6. The doctors had to cut it off.

답지 예시

브릭스 리딩 복습문제 Class: 이름:

1. X

2. O

3. O

4. O

5. O

6. 의사들은 그것을 잘라내야만 했다.

7. 당신의 이야기를 얘기해 줄 수 있나요?

8. One day, I found myself at a train station.

9. Greetings and welcome to TN Sports News.

10. 사고

11. 운동

12. 손님

13. The special guest on TN Sports News is April Holmes.

14. April / Holmes, / runner,

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 브릭스 리딩 복습문제
- ② 본문 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문제 선택
- ③ 문제 수 입력하기 - 한글 OX 출제
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

② 영어 OX 문제

입력 예시

1

내용 이해 브릭스 리딩 복습문제

지문 수: 1 + - < > 행 병합 줄바꿈 제거 저장

3

한글 OX 문제 수 (예시) 2

영어 OX 문제 수 (예시) 3

영한 해석 적기 문제 수 (예시) 2

스크램블 문제 수 (예시) 2

단어 뜻 적기 문제 수 (예시) 3

내용 이해 질문 문제 수 (예시) 1

지문 요약 적기 문제 수 (예시) 1

반복 생성 문제 세트 수 1

영어 지문 입력 출제 대상 문장 선택

2

영어 지문

지문 1

"Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me! But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."

출력 예시

1

브릭스 리딩 복습문제 Class: 이름:

2

[1~14] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

"Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me! But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."

3

[1~2] 글의 내용과 일치하면 O 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.

Paralympics는 지구가 아니라 화성에서 열린다. (O / X)

그녀는 기자 사고로 다리를 잃었지만 경쟁할 힘을 찾았다. (O / X)

[3~5] 글의 내용과 일치하면 O 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.

3. Unfortunately, she lost her left leg in a train accident. (O / X)

4. At a young age, she started running and won many awards. (O / X)

5. April Holmes is a famous American runner with a remarkable story. (O / X)

[6~7] 주어진 영어 문장의 한국어 해석을 적으시오.

6. The doctors had to cut it off.

7. Can you tell us your story?

Class: 이름:

[8~9] 주어진 문장과 의미가 비슷한 문장으로 적으시오.

8. Well, I was at a train station one day.

(One / found / day, / I / myself) at a train station.

9. "Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News.

Greetings (and / TN / welcome / Sports / to) News.

[10~12] 주어진 단어의 뜻을 적으시오.

10. accident: _____

11. exercise: _____

12. guest: _____

[13~13] 다음 질문에 답하십시오.

13. Who is the special guest on TN Sports News?

[14~14] 위 지문을 한 문장으로 요약하려고 한다. 빈칸에 적절한 어구를 영작하십시오.

14.

A _____ H _____ a famous American r _____ overcame losing her leg to become a Paralympic athlete.

답지 예시

브릭스 리딩 복습문제 Class: 이름:

1. X

2. O

3. O

4. O

5. O

6. 의사들은 그것을 잘라내야만 했다.

7. 당신의 이야기를 얘기해 줄 수 있나요?

8. One day, I found myself at a train station.

9. Greetings and welcome to TN Sports News.

10. 사고

11. 운동

12. 손님

13. The special guest on TN Sports News is April Holmes.

14. April / Holmes, / runner,

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 브릭스 리딩 복습문제
- ② 본문 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문제 선택
- ③ 문제 수 입력하기 - 영어 OX 출제
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

③ 영한 해석 적기 문제 수

입력 예시

내용 이해 **1** 브릭스 리딩 복습문제

지문 수: 1 +

한글 OX 문제 수 (예시) 2

영어 OX 문제 수 (예시) 3

3 영한 해석 적기 문제 수 (예시) 2

스크램블 문제 수 (예시) 2

단어 뜻 적기 문제 수 (예시) 3

내용 이해 질문 문제 수 (예시) 1

지문 요약 적기 문제 수 (예시) 1

반복 생성 문제 세트 수 1

영어 지문 입력

영어 지문

2 "Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me! But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."

지문 1

출력 예시

1 브릭스 리딩 복습문제

Class: 이름:

7. Can you tell us your story?

[8~9] 주어진 문장과 의미가 비슷한 문장으로 적으시오.

8. Well, I was at a train station one day.
[One / found / day, / I / myself] at a train station.

9. "Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. Greetings (and / TN / welcome / Sports / to) News.

[10~12] 주어진 단어의 뜻을 적으시오.

10. accident: _____
11. exercise: _____
12. guest: _____

[13~13] 다음 질문에 답하십시오.

13. Who is the special guest on TN Sports News?

[14~14] 위 지문을 한 문장으로 요약하려고 한다. 빈칸에 적절한 어구를 영작하십시오.

14.
A _____ H _____ a famous American r _____ overcame losing her leg to become a Paralympic athlete.

[1~2] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

2 "Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me! But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."

[1~2] 글의 내용과 일치하면 O 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.

1. Paralympics는 지구가 아니라 화성에서 열린다. (O / X)
2. 그녀는 기차 사고로 다리를 잃었지만 경쟁할 힘을 찾았다. (O / X)

[3~5] 글의 내용과 일치하면 O 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.

3. Unfortunately, she lost her left leg in a train accident. (O / X)
4. At a young age, she started running and won many awards. (O / X)
5. April Holmes is a famous American runner with a remarkable story. (O / X)

[6~7] 주어진 영어 문장의 한국어 해석을 적으시오.

6. The doctors had to cut it off.

3

답지 예시

브릭스 리딩 복습문제

Class: 이름:

1. X
2. O
3. O
4. O
5. O
6. 의사들은 그것을 잘라내야만 했다.
7. 당신의 이야기를 얘기해 줄 수 있나요?
8. One day, I found myself at a train station.
9. Greetings and welcome to TN Sports News.
10. 사고
11. 운동
12. 손님
13. The special guest on TN Sports News is April Holmes.
14. April / Holmes, / runner,

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 브릭스 리딩 복습문제
- ② 본문 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문제 선택
- ③ 문제 수 입력하기 - 영한 해석 적기 출제
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

④ 스크램블 문제 수

① 입력 예시

내용 이해	브릭스 리딩 복습문제	→
지문 수: 1	+	행 병합 줄바꿈 제거 저장
한글 OX 문제 수 (예시)	2	
영어 OX 문제 수 (예시)	3	
영한 해석 적기 문제 수 (예시)	2	
③ 스크램블 문제 수 (예시)	2	
단어 뜻 적기 문제 수 (예시)	3	
내용 이해 질문 문제 수 (예시)	1	
지문 요약 적기 문제 수 (예시)	1	
반복 생성 문제 세트 수	1	
영어 지문 입력	출제 대상 문장 선택	
② 영어 지문	<p>"Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me! But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."</p>	
지문 1		

출력 예시

①	브릭스 리딩 복습문제	Class:	이름:
②	[1~14] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.	7. Can you tell us your story?	
③	<p>"Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me! But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."</p>	<p>[8~9] 주어진 문장과 의미가 비슷한 문장으로 작문하십시오.</p> <p>8. Well, I was at a train station one day.</p> <p>(One / found / day, / I / myself) at a train station.</p> <p>9. "Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News.</p> <p>Greetings (and / TN / welcome / Sports / to) News.</p>	
	<p>[1~2] 글의 내용과 일치하면 O 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.</p> <p>1. Paralympics는 지구가 아니라 화성에서 열린다. (O / X)</p> <p>2. 그녀는 기자 사고로 다리를 잃었지만 경쟁할 힘을 찾았다. (O / X)</p>	<p>[10~12] 주어진 단어의 뜻을 적으시오.</p> <p>10. accident: _____</p> <p>11. exercise: _____</p> <p>12. guest: _____</p>	
	<p>[3~5] 글의 내용과 일치하면 O 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.</p> <p>3. Unfortunately, she lost her left leg in a train accident. (O / X)</p> <p>4. At a young age, she started running and won many awards. (O / X)</p> <p>5. April Holmes is a famous American runner with a remarkable story. (O / X)</p>	<p>[13~13] 다음 질문에 답하십시오.</p> <p>13. Who is the special guest on TN Sports News?</p>	
	<p>[6~7] 주어진 영어 문장의 한국어 해석을 적으시오.</p> <p>6. The doctors had to cut it off.</p>	<p>[14~14] 위 지문을 한 문장으로 요약하려고 한다. 빈칸에 적절한 어구를 영작하십시오.</p> <p>14.</p> <p>A _____ H _____ a famous American r _____ overcame losing her leg to become a Paralympic athlete.</p>	

답지 예시

브릭스 리딩 복습문제	Class:	이름:
1. X		
2. O		
3. O		
4. O		
5. O		
6. 의사들은 그것을 잘라내야만 했다.		
7. 당신의 이야기를 얘기해 줄 수 있나요?		
8. One day, I found myself at a train station.		
9. Greetings and welcome to TN Sports News.		
10. 사고		
11. 운동		
12. 손님		
13. The special guest on TN Sports News is April Holmes.		
14. April / Holmes, / runner,		

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 브릭스 리딩 복습문제
- ② 본문 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문제 선택
- ③ 문제 수 입력하기 - 스크램블 출제
*스크램블 = 어순 맞추기
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

⑤ 단어 뜻 적기 문제 수

① 입력 예시

내용 이해 **브릭스 리딩 복습문제** →

지문 수: 1 + **행 병합** **줄바꿈 제거** **저장**

한글 OX 문제 수 (예시) 2

영어 OX 문제 수 (예시) 3

영한 해석 적기 문제 수 (예시) 2

스크랩블 문제 수 (예시) 2

③ 단어 뜻 적기 문제 수 (예시) 3

내용 이해 질문 문제 수 (예시) 1

지문 요약 적기 문제 수 (예시) 1

반복 생성 문제 세트 수 1

영어 지문 입력 **출제 대상 문장 선택**

② 영어 지문

지문 1 "Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me! But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."

① 출력 예시

브릭스 리딩 복습문제 Class: 이름:

② [1~14] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

"Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me. But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."

[1~2] 글의 내용과 일치하면 O 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.

1. Paralympics는 자구가 아니라 화성에서 열린다. (O / X)

2. 그녀는 기차 사고로 다리를 잃었지만 경쟁할 힘을 찾았다. (O / X)

[3~5] 글의 내용과 일치하면 O 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.

3. Unfortunately, she lost her left leg in a train accident. (O / X)

4. At a young age, she started running and won many awards. (O / X)

5. April Holmes is a famous American runner with a remarkable story. (O / X)

[6~7] 주어진 영어 문장의 한국어 해석을 적으시오.

6. The doctors had to cut it off.

7. Can you tell us your story?

[8~9] 주어진 문장과 의미가 비슷한 문장으로 작문하십시오.

8. Well, I was at a train station one day.
(One / found / day, / I / myself) at a train station.

9. "Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News.
Greetings (and / TN / welcome / Sports / to) News.

③ [10~12] 주어진 단어의 뜻을 적으시오.

10. accident: _____

11. exercise: _____

12. guest: _____

[13~13] 다음 질문에 답하십시오.

13. Who is the special guest on TN Sports News?

[14~14] 위 지문을 한 문장으로 요약하려고 한다. 빈칸에 적절한 어구를 영작하십시오.

14.
A _____ H _____ a famous American.
r _____ overcame losing her leg to become a Paralympic athlete.

답지 예시

브릭스 리딩 복습문제 Class: 이름:

1. X

2. O

3. O

4. O

5. O

6. 의사들은 그것을 잘라내야만 했다.

7. 당신의 이야기를 얘기해 줄 수 있나요?

8. One day, I found myself at a train station.

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10. 사고

11. 운동

12. 손님

13. The special guest on TN Sports News is April Holmes.

14. April / Holmes, / runner,

순서대로 따라하기

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- ② 본문 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문제 선택**
- ③ 문제 수 입력하기 - 단어 뜻 적기 출제**
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인**
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드**

⑥ 내용 이해 질문 문제 수

입력 예시

내용 이해	브릭스 리딩 복습문제	→
지문 수: 1	<input type="text" value="1"/> <input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="←"/> <input type="button" value="→"/> <input type="button" value="↺"/> <input type="button" value="↻"/> <input type="button" value="행 병합"/> <input type="button" value="줄바꿈 제거"/> <input type="button" value="저장"/>	
	한글 OX 문제 수 (예시)	2
	영어 OX 문제 수 (예시)	3
	영한 해석 적기 문제 수 (예시)	2
	스크램블 문제 수 (예시)	2
	단어 뜻 적기 문제 수 (예시)	3
③	내용 이해 질문 문제 수 (예시)	1
	지문 요약 적기 문제 수 (예시)	1
	반복 생성 문제 세트 수	1
영어 지문 입력	출제 대상 문장 선택	
영어 지문	<p>② "Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me! But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."</p>	
지문 1		

출력 예시

브릭스 리딩 복습문제	Class:	이름:
<p>① [1~14] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.</p> <p>② "Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. We have a special guest today. Her name is April Holmes. April, thanks for coming by. It is a pleasure to be here, Jim. You are a famous American runner. Can you tell us your story? Of course, Jim. I started running at an early age. I was always running! In high school, I won many awards. But something terrible happened. What was it? Well, I was at a train station one day. I slipped, and a speeding train hit my left leg. The doctors had to cut it off. That's terrible! How did you feel? I was in the hospital for a long time. Sometimes, I felt angry. I remember crying a lot. It was a very sad time for me. How did you beat this accident? Did anyone help you? Oh, yes, many people helped me! But my doctor helped me every day. How did he help you? He always talked to me. One day, he told me about the Paralympics. It is like the Olympics, but for people just like me! I had a new goal. I exercised and practiced a lot. The next year, I entered the Paralympics. April, thank you for telling us your brave story. We'll be back after a short break."</p>	<p>7. Can you tell us your story?</p> <input type="text"/>	
<p>[1~2] 글의 내용과 일치하면 ○ 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.</p> <p>1. Paralympics는 지구가 아니라 화성에서 열린다. (O / X)</p> <p>2. 그녀는 기자 사고로 다리를 잃었지만 경쟁할 용기를 찾았다. (O / X)</p>	<p>[8~9] 주어진 문장과 의미가 비슷한 문장으로 적으시오.</p> <p>8. Well, I was at a train station one day.</p> <p>(One / found / day, / I / myself) at a train station.</p> <input type="text"/>	
<p>[3~5] 글의 내용과 일치하면 ○ 일치하지 않으면 X를 고르시오.</p> <p>3. Unfortunately, she lost her left leg in a train accident. (O / X)</p> <p>4. At a young age, she started running and won many awards. (O / X)</p> <p>5. April Holmes is a famous American runner with a remarkable story. (O / X)</p>	<p>9. "Hello, and welcome to TN Sports News. Greetings (and / TN / welcome / Sports / to) News.</p> <input type="text"/>	
<p>[6~7] 주어진 영어 문장의 한국어 해석을 적으시오.</p> <p>6. The doctors had to cut it off.</p> <input type="text"/>	<p>10. accident: _____</p> <p>11. exercise: _____</p> <p>12. guest: _____</p>	
	<p>③ [13~13] 다음 질문에 답하십시오.</p> <p>13. Who is the special guest on TN Sports News?</p>	<p>[14~14] 위 지문을 한 문장으로 요약하려고 한다. 빈칸에 적절한 어구를 영작하시오.</p> <p>14.</p> <p>A _____ H _____ a famous American r _____ overcame losing her leg to become a Paralympic athlete.</p>

답지 예시

브릭스 리딩 복습문제	Class:	이름:
<p>1. X</p> <p>2. O</p> <p>3. O</p> <p>4. O</p> <p>5. O</p> <p>6. 의사들은 그것을 잘라내야만 했다.</p> <p>7. 당신의 이야기를 얘기해 줄 수 있나요?</p> <p>8. One day, I found myself at a train station.</p> <p>9. Greetings and welcome to TN Sports News.</p> <p>10. 사고</p> <p>11. 운동</p> <p>12. 손님</p> <p>13. The special guest on TN Sports News is April Holmes.</p> <p>14. April / Holmes, / runner,</p>		

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 브릭스 리딩 복습문제
- ② 본문 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문제 선택
- ③ 문제 수 입력하기 - 내용이해 서술형 출제
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

주의사항

문제지 생성 불가

오류발생 원인

① 문장 수가 지문수보다 많을 경우 해석이나 스크램블 출제 불가

문제지 생성 불가 (250 포인트 필요)

[수정하기](#) 버튼을 눌러 아래 이슈들을 해결해주세요.

지문 1: 영한 해석 적기 유형 10개 출제를 위해 지문 내 '단어 3개 이상 문장'의 수가 10개 이상 있어야 합니다 (현재 7개). 영한 해석 적기 문제 수를 줄이거나 지문에 출제 대상 문장을 더 추가해주세요.

지문 1: 스크램블 유형 10개 출제를 위해 지문 내 '단어 5개 이상 문장'의 수가 10개 이상 있어야 합니다 (현재 6개). 스크램블 문제 수를 줄이거나 지문에 출제 대상 문장을 더 추가해주세요.

지문 2 - 문장 11: 지문을 입력할 때 마침표(.) 뒤에 공백을 빠뜨린 건 아닌지 검토해주세요 (... she said.The pli...). 문장 마침표 뒤에 공백이 없으면 문장이 제대로 분리되지 않습니다.

지문 3 - 문장 3: 지문을 입력할 때 마침표(.) 뒤에 공백을 빠뜨린 건 아닌지 검토해주세요 (... canisters.Cave-di...). 문장 마침표 뒤에 공백이 없으면 문장이 제대로 분리되지 않습니다.

지문 4 - 문장 13: 지문을 입력할 때 마침표(.) 뒤에 공백을 빠뜨린 건 아닌지 검토해주세요 (...p Bunthong.John Ta...). 문장 마침표 뒤에 공백이 없으면 문장이 제대로 분리되지 않습니다.

모의고사 유형

모의고사 유형이란?

- 제목과 출제할 본문을 복사-붙여넣기합니다.
- 아래 총 10가지 유형(①~⑩)의 문제를 입력하신 수만큼 자동 생성해드립니다.

<유 형>

- ① 문장빈칸 유형
- ② 흐름 유형 - 본문 내 흐름 상 관계없는 문장 찾기
- ③ 순서 유형
- ④ 제목(영) 유형
- ⑤ 제목(한) 유형
- ⑥ 주제(영) 유형
- ⑦ 주제(한) 유형
- ⑧ 위치 유형 - 흐름 상 알맞은 문장 넣기
- ⑨ 일치(영) 유형
- ⑩ 일치(한) 유형

- 본문은 문장 단위로 쪼개져 원하는 문장을 선택/제거 해서 출제 유형에 맞게 출제 가능합니다

모의고사 유형 제목&문제 수

➤ 출제할 문제 제목과 문제 수를 입력합니다

모의고사 유형	① 제목을 입력하세요.	지문 수: 0	+	↶	↷	행 병합	즐바꿈 제거	저장
➤ ①	문장빈칸 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	1						
➤ ②	흐름 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	1						
➤ ③	순서 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	1						
➤ ④	제목(영) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	0						
➤ ⑤	제목(한) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	0						
➤ ⑥	주제(영) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	0						
➤ ⑦	주제(한) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	0						
➤ ⑧	위치 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	0						
➤ ⑨	일치(영) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	0						
➤ ⑩	일치(한) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	0						

모든 모의고사식 문제 유형 대비!

모의고사 유형 종합 세트 구성법

➤ 출제할 종합지 세트 개수를 입력하고 구성할 문제 유형을 선택합니다

종합 시험 문제 세트 수 및 포함 유형 설정 (예시)

① 0

- 문장빈칸
- 흐름
- 순서
- 제목(영)
- 제목(한)
- 주제(영)
- 주제(한)
- 위치
- 일치(영)
- 일치(한)

모의고사 본문 예시

- 출제할 본문을 복사-붙여넣기합니다
- 본문은 즉시 하나의 문장으로 쪼개집니다
- 본문 내 출제하고 싶은 문장을 선택할 수 있습니다
- **해석**은 문장 한/영 해석, **스크램블**은 영어 어순 맞추기 유형입니다

③ 영어 지문 입력 출제 대상 문장 선택

	영어 지문
지문 1	Marilyn and her threeyearold daughter, Sarah, took a trip to the beach, where Sarah built her first sandcastle. Moments later, an enormous wave destroyed Sarah's castle. In response to the loss of her sandcastle, tears streamed down Sarah's cheeks and her heart was broken. She ran to Marilyn, saying she would never build a sandcastle again. Marilyn said, "Part of the joy of building a sandcastle is that, in the end, we give it as a gift to the ocean." Sarah loved this idea and responded with enthusiasm to the idea of building another castle—this time, even closer to the water so the ocean would get its gift sooner!

영어 지문 입력 출제 대상 문장 선택

	⑤ 해석	스크램블	문장
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Marilyn and her threeyearold daughter, Sarah, took a trip to the beach, where Sarah built her first sandcastle.
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Moments later, an enormous wave destroyed Sarah's castle.
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	In response to the loss of her sandcastle, tears streamed down Sarah's cheeks and her heart was broken.
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	She ran to Marilyn, saying she would never build a sandcastle again.
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Marilyn said, "Part of the joy of building a sandcastle is that, in the end, we give it as a gift to the ocean."
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sarah loved this idea and responded with enthusiasm to the idea of building another castle—this time, even closer to the water so the ocean would get its gift sooner!

문제지 저장 후 출력

➤ 출제할 구성 완료후 저장을 클릭합니다

꼭 저장을 눌러주셔야 문제지 출력이 가능합니다

모의고사 유형 지문 수: 1 + ↶ ↷ 행 병합 줄바꿈 제거 ⑥ 저장

문장빈칸 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
흐름 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
순서 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
제목(영) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
제목(한) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
주제(영) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
주제(한) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
위치 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
일치(영) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
일치(한) 유형 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="0"/>
	<input type="text" value="1"/>

- 문장빈칸
- 흐름
- 순서
- 제목(영)
- 제목(한)
- 주제(영)

종합 시험 문제 세트 수 및 포함 유형 설정 [\(예시\)](#)

문제지 생성하기

➤ 처리전 - 문제지 생성하기 클릭- 포인트 차감내용 확인 후 확인 클릭-문제 제작중/PDF 생성중(최대 10분소요)

[모의고사 유형] 고2 모의고사

작성자: 박지원 (2024-05-27 12:59:24) **처리 전**

⑦ **문제지 생성하기 (4 포인트 차감)** 버튼을 누르면 문제지 생성이 시작됩니다 (총 4문제).

설정

www.ginedu.com 내용:

문제지 생성을 시작할까요? 4 포인트가 차감됩니다.

아래 [출제 문장] 탭에서 지문이 문장 단위로 잘 쪼개졌는지 검토해본 뒤 진행해주세요.

⑧

확인

취소

[모의고사 유형] 고2 모의고사

작성자: 박지원 (2024-05-27 12:59:24) **PDF 생성중 (25%)**

[모의고사 유형] 고2 모의고사

작성자: 박지원 (2024-05-27 12:59:24) **문제 제작중 (75%)**

모의고사 유형 문제지 다운받기

➤ 제작완료 -전체파일 다운 또는 개별 파일(문제지/답지) 다운로드 가능

[모의고사 유형] 고2 모의고사

작성자: 박지원 (2024-05-27 12:59:24)

9 **제작 완료**

제작된 시험지/답지 다운로드 (총 4문제)

전체 파일 한번에 다운로드 하기

- 10
- [고2 모의고사.zip](#)

개별 파일 다운로드 및 미리보기

- [exam 고2 모의고사 문장빈칸 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [exam 고2 모의고사 흐름 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [exam 고2 모의고사 순서 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [exam 고2 모의고사 종합 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)

- [sol 고2 모의고사 문장빈칸 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [sol 고2 모의고사 흐름 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [sol 고2 모의고사 순서 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [sol 고2 모의고사 종합 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)

① 문장빈칸

문장빈칸 - 문장빈칸

Class: 이름:

1. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

A number of studies provide substantial evidence of an innate human disposition to respond differentially to social stimuli. From birth, infants will orient preferentially towards the human face and voice, seeming to know that such stimuli are particularly meaningful for them. Moreover, they register this connection actively, imitating a variety of facial gestures that are presented to them — tongue protrusions, lip tightenings, mouth openings. They will even try to match gestures with which they have some difficulty, experimenting with their own faces until they succeed. When they do succeed, they show pleasure by a brightening of their eyes; when they fail, they show distress. In other words, they not only have an innate capacity for matching their own kinaesthetically experienced bodily movements with those of others that are visually perceived; they have an innate drive to do so. _____.

- ① Studies have shown that infants who are not exposed to human faces or voices at a young age do not develop the same capacity for imitation as those who are regularly engaged with such stimuli.
- ② Some researchers argue that the desire to imitate others is a learned behavior, not an innate drive present from birth.
- ③ It is important to consider cultural influences on infant behavior, as different societies may prioritize different social stimuli for imitation.
- ④ That is, they seem to have an innate drive to imitate others whom they judge to be 'like me'.
- ⑤ Additionally, babies display a natural inclination to imitate sounds and movements from a wide range of sources, not just those they perceive as similar to themselves.

2. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Bazaar economies feature an apparently flexible price-setting mechanism that sits atop more enduring ties of shared culture. Both the buyer and seller are aware of each other's restrictions. In Delhi's bazaars, buyers and sellers can assess to a large extent the financial constraints that other actors have in their everyday life. Each actor belonging to a specific economic class understands what the other sees as a necessity and a luxury. In the case of electronic products like video games, they are not a necessity at the same level as other household purchases such as food items. So, the seller in Delhi's bazaars is careful not to directly ask for very high prices for video games because at no point will the buyer see possession of them as an absolute necessity. _____.

- ① Economic class plays a significant role in determining the value of goods and services.
- ② Access to this type of knowledge establishes a price consensus by relating to each other's preferences and limitations of belonging to a similar cultural and economic universe.
- ③ The market is always full of surprises and unexpected turns.
- ④ Sellers must be strategic and mindful of the buyer's needs and wants.
- ⑤ The negotiation process can be long and tedious, but ultimately rewarding.

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 브릭스 리딩 복습문제
- ② 본문 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 문제 유형 선택하기 - 문장빈칸
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

② 흐름

흐름 - 흐름

Class: 이름:

1. 다음 글의 전체 흐름과 가장 관계없는 문장은?

㉠ The concept of overtourism rests on a particular assumption about people and places common in tourism studies and the social sciences in general. Both are seen as clearly defined and demarcated. People are framed as bounded social actors either playing the role of hosts or guests. ㉡ Some places have resorted to using holograms instead of actual tourists to combat overtourism, resulting in a surreal and futuristic experience for visitors. ㉢ Places, in a similar way, are treated as stable containers with clear boundaries. ㉣ Hence, places can be full of tourists and thus suffer from overtourism. But what does it mean for a place to be full of people? Indeed, there are examples of particular attractions that have limited capacity and where there is actually no room for more visitors. This is not least the case with some man-made constructions such as the Eiffel Tower. However, with places such as cities, regions or even whole countries being promoted as destinations and described as victims of overtourism, things become more complex. ㉤ What is excessive or out of proportion is highly relative and might be more related to other aspects than physical capacity, such as natural degradation and economic leakages (not to mention politics and local power dynamics).

① ㉠ ② ㉡ ③ ㉢ ④ ㉣ ⑤ ㉤

2. 다음 글의 전체 흐름과 가장 관계없는 문장은?

㉠ A number of studies provide substantial evidence of an innate human disposition to respond differentially to social stimuli. ㉡ From birth, infants will orient preferentially towards the human face and voice, seeming to know that such stimuli are particularly meaningful for them. ㉢ Moreover, they register this connection actively, imitating a variety of facial gestures that are presented to them — tongue protrusions, lip tightenings, mouth openings. ㉣ They will even try to match gestures with which they have some difficulty, experimenting with their own faces until they succeed. When they do succeed, they show pleasure by a brightening of their eyes; when they fail, they show distress. In other words, they not only have an innate capacity for matching their own kinaesthetically experienced bodily movements with those of others that are visually perceived; they have an innate drive to do so. ㉤ In addition to imitating facial expressions, infants have been shown to mimic the sounds of various musical instruments, such as drumming their hands like a drummer. That is, they seem to have an innate drive to imitate others whom they judge to be 'like me'.

① ㉠ ② ㉡ ③ ㉢ ④ ㉣ ⑤ ㉤

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 모의고사 대비
- ② 출제할 본문 하단에 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 모의고사 유형 선택하기 - 흐름
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

③ 순서

순서 - 순서

Class: 이름:

1. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Being able to prioritize your responses allows you to connect more deeply with individual customers, be it a one-off interaction around a particularly delightful or upsetting experience, or the development of a longer-term relationship with a significantly influential individual within your customer base.

(A) If you've ever posted a favorable comment — or any comment, for that matter — about a brand, product or service, think about what it would feel like if you were personally acknowledged by the brand manager, for example, as a result. In general, people post because they have something to say — and because they want to be recognized for having said it.

(B) While a compliment to the person standing next to you is typically answered with a response like Thank You, the sad fact is that most brand compliments go unanswered. These are lost opportunities to understand what drove the compliments and create a solid fan based on them.

(C) In particular, when people post positive comments they are expressions of appreciation for the experience that led to the post.

- ① (A)-(B)-(C)
- ② (A)-(C)-(B)
- ③ (B)-(A)-(C)
- ④ (B)-(C)-(A)
- ⑤ (C)-(A)-(B)

2. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

A musical score within any film can add an additional layer to the film text, which goes beyond simply imitating the action viewed.

(A) While it is possible that this may interfere with creativity and a sense of space and time, it in fact aids in viewer access to the film.

(B) Through recognizable scores, visions of the future or a galaxy far, far away can be placed within a recognizable context. Such familiarity allows the viewer to be placed in a comfortable space so that the film may then lead the viewer to what is an unfamiliar, but acceptable vision of a world different from their own.

(C) In films that tell of futuristic worlds, composers, much like sound designers, have added freedom to create a world that is unknown and new to the viewer. However, unlike sound designers, composers often shy away from creating unique pieces that reflect these new worlds and often present musical scores that possess familiar structures and cadences.

- ① (A)-(C)-(B)
- ② (B)-(A)-(C)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A)
- ④ (C)-(A)-(B)
- ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 모의고사 대비
- ② 출제할 본문 하단에 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 모의고사 유형 선택하기 - 순서
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

④ 제목(영)

제목 - 제목

Class: 이름:

1. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Over the last decade the attention given to how children learn to read has foregrounded the nature of textuality, and of the different, interrelated ways in which readers of all ages make texts mean. 'Reading' now applies to a greater number of representational forms than at any time in the past: pictures, maps, screens, design graphics and photographs are all regarded as text. In addition to the innovations made possible in picture books by new printing processes, design features also predominate in other kinds, such as books of poetry and information texts. Thus, reading becomes a more complicated kind of interpretation than it was when children's attention was focused on the printed text, with sketches or pictures as an adjunct. Children now learn from a picture book that words and illustrations complement and enhance each other. Reading is not simply word recognition. Even in the easiest texts, what a sentence 'says' is often not what it means.

- ① The Rise of Print Media in Education
- ② The Changing Nature of Reading
- ③ The Limitations of New Printing Processes
- ④ The Decline of Reading in Children
- ⑤ The Irrelevance of Pictures in Reading

2. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Being able to prioritize your responses allows you to connect more deeply with individual customers, be it a one-off interaction around a particularly delightful or upsetting experience, or the development of a longer-term relationship with a significantly influential individual within your customer base. If you've ever posted a favorable comment — or any comment, for that matter — about a brand, product or service, think about what it would feel like if you were personally acknowledged by the brand manager, for example, as a result. In general, people post because they have something to say — and because they want to be recognized for having said it. In particular, when people post positive comments they are expressions of appreciation for the experience that led to the post. While a compliment to the person standing next to you is typically answered with a response like Thank You, the sad fact is that most brand compliments go unanswered. These are lost opportunities to understand what drove the compliments and create a solid fan based on them.

- ① The Importance of Prioritizing Customer Responses
- ② How to Lose Customers by Not Responding
- ③ Ignoring Customer Feedback Leads to Success
- ④ Why Engaging with Customers Doesn't Matter
- ⑤ Building Strong Customer Relationships Through Neglect

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 모의고사 대비
- ② 출제할 본문 하단에 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 모의고사 유형 선택하기 - 제목(영)
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

⑤ 제목(한)

제목(한) - 제목(한)

Class: 이름:

1. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Being able to prioritize your responses allows you to connect more deeply with individual customers, be it a one-off interaction around a particularly delightful or upsetting experience, or the development of a longer-term relationship with a significantly influential individual within your customer base. If you've ever posted a favorable comment — or any comment, for that matter — about a brand, product or service, think about what it would feel like if you were personally acknowledged by the brand manager, for example, as a result. In general, people post because they have something to say — and because they want to be recognized for having said it. In particular, when people post positive comments they are expressions of appreciation for the experience that led to the post. While a compliment to the person standing next to you is typically answered with a response like "Thank You," the sad fact is that most brand compliments go unanswered. These are lost opportunities to understand what drove the compliments and create a solid fan based on them.

- ① 고객 기반 소외하는 방법
- ② 고객 의견이 중요하지 않은 이유
- ③ 고객 피드백 무시의 해택
- ④ 고객 응답 우선순위 지정의 중요성
- ⑤ 고객 서비스 방치의 기술

2. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

A number of studies provide substantial evidence of an innate human disposition to respond differentially to social stimuli. From birth, infants will orient preferentially towards the human face and voice, seeming to know that such stimuli are particularly meaningful for them. Moreover, they register this connection actively, imitating a variety of facial gestures that are presented to them — tongue protrusions, lip tightenings, mouth openings. They will even try to match gestures with which they have some difficulty, experimenting with their own faces until they succeed. When they do succeed, they show pleasure by a brightening of their eyes; when they fail, they show distress. In other words, they not only have an innate capacity for matching their own kinaesthetically experienced bodily movements with those of others that are visually perceived; they have an innate drive to do so. That is, they seem to have an innate drive to imitate others whom they judge to be 'like me'.

- ① 유아 발달에 있어서 사회적 자극의 역할
- ② 유아의 얼굴 제스처와 감정 사이의 연결
- ③ 유아의 얼굴 제스처의 진화
- ④ 인간의 사회 자극에 대한 선천적 성향
- ⑤ 유아가 다른 사람을 흉내 내는 방법

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 모의고사 대비
- ② 출제할 본문 하단에 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 모의고사 유형 선택하기 - 제목(한)
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

⑥ 주제(영)

주제 - 주제

Class:

이름:

1. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

Values alone do not create and build culture. Living your values only some of the time does not contribute to the creation and maintenance of culture. Changing values into behaviors is only half the battle. Certainly, this is a step in the right direction, but those behaviors must then be shared and distributed widely throughout the organization, along with a clear and concise description of what is expected. It is not enough to simply talk about it. It is critical to have a visual representation of the specific behaviors that leaders and all people managers can use to coach their people. Just like a sports team has a playbook with specific plays designed to help them perform well and win, your company should have a playbook with the key shifts needed to transform your culture into action and turn your values into winning behaviors.

- ① Values and behaviors in creating and building culture
- ② The history of leadership styles in business
- ③ The benefits of team-building exercises in the workplace
- ④ How to implement a new dress code in the workplace
- ⑤ The impact of office layout on company culture

2. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

There have been psychological studies in which subjects were shown photographs of people's faces and asked to identify the expression or state of mind evinced. The results are invariably very mixed. In the 17th century the French painter and theorist Charles Le Brun drew a series of faces illustrating the various emotions that painters could be called upon to represent. What is striking about them is that no number of them could be substituted for one another without loss. What is missing in all this is any setting or context to make the emotion determinate. We must know who this person is, who these other people are, what their relationship is, what is at stake in the scene, and the like. In real life as well as in painting we do not come across just faces; we encounter people in particular situations and our understanding of people cannot somehow be precipitated and held isolated from the social and human circumstances in which they, and we, live and breathe and have our being.

- ① Interpreting facial expressions
- ② The limitations of 17th century artwork
- ③ The influence of Charles Le Brun on art theory
- ④ The accuracy of psychological studies
- ⑤ The impact of social context on human understanding

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 모의고사 대비
- ② 출제할 본문 하단에 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 모의고사 유형 선택하기 - 주제(영)
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

⑦ 주제(한)

주제(한) - 주제(한)

Class: 이름:

1. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

Managers of natural resources typically face market incentives that provide financial rewards for exploitation. For example, owners of forest lands have a market incentive to cut down trees rather than manage the forest for carbon capture, wildlife habitat, flood protection, and other ecosystem services. These services provide the owner with no financial benefits, and thus are unlikely to influence management decisions. But the economic benefits provided by these services, based on their non-market values, may exceed the economic value of the timber. For example, a United Nations initiative has estimated that the economic benefits of ecosystem services provided by tropical forests, including climate regulation, water purification, and erosion prevention, are over three times greater per hectare than the market benefits. Thus cutting down the trees is economically inefficient, and markets are not sending the correct "signal" to favor ecosystem services over extractive uses.

- ① 시장 인센티브와 자연자원 관리
- ② 유연 이니셔티브로 인한 산림 파괴의 경제적 이점
- ③ 자연자원 보전을 위한 금전적 보상
- ④ 환경을 위해 나무를 베는 혜택
- ⑤ 생태계 서비스의 경제적 비효율성

2. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

Being able to prioritize your responses allows you to connect more deeply with individual customers, be it a one-off interaction around a particularly delightful or upsetting experience, or the development of a longer-term relationship with a significantly influential individual within your customer base. If you've ever posted a favorable comment — or any comment, for that matter — about a brand, product or service, think about what it would feel like if you were personally acknowledged by the brand manager, for example, as a result. In general, people post because they have something to say — and because they want to be recognized for having said it. In particular, when people post positive comments they are expressions of appreciation for the experience that led to the post. While a compliment to the person standing next to you is typically answered with a response like "Thank You," the sad fact is that most brand compliments go unanswered. These are lost opportunities to understand what drove the compliments and create a solid fan based on them.

- ① 부정적인 응답으로 고객을 소탈려하는 방법
- ② 고객 피드백 무시의 이점
- ③ 고객 피드백에 대한 응답이 시간 낭비임을 왜
- ④ 고객 피드백에 대한 응답 우선순위 설정의 중요성
- ⑤ 의사소통 부족으로 고객 충성도를 감소시키는 방법

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 모의고사 대비
- ② 출제할 본문 하단에 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 모의고사 유형 선택하기 - 주제(한)
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

⑧ 위치

위치 - 위치

Class: 이름:

1. 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

Values alone do not create and build culture.

㉠. Living your values only some of the time does not contribute to the creation and maintenance of culture. ㉡. Changing values into behaviors is only half the battle. ㉢. Certainly, this is a step in the right direction, but those behaviors must then be shared and distributed widely throughout the organization, along with a clear and concise description of what is expected. It is not enough to simply talk about it. ㉣. It is critical to have a visual representation of the specific behaviors that leaders and all people managers can use to coach their people. Just like a sports team has a playbook with specific plays designed to help them perform well and win, your company should have a playbook with the key shifts needed to transform your culture into action and turn your values into winning behaviors. ㉤.

① ㉠ ② ㉡ ③ ㉢ ④ ㉣ ⑤ ㉤

2. 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

They will even try to match gestures with which they have some difficulty, experimenting with their own faces until they succeed.

㉠. A number of studies provide substantial evidence of an innate human disposition to respond differentially to social stimuli. ㉡. From birth, infants will orient preferentially towards the human face and voice, seeming to know that such stimuli are particularly meaningful for them. ㉢. Moreover, they register this connection actively, imitating a variety of facial gestures that are presented to them — tongue protrusions, lip tightenings, mouth openings. ㉣. When they do succeed, they show pleasure by a brightening of their eyes; when they fail, they show distress. In other words, they not only have an innate capacity for matching their own kinaesthetically experienced bodily movements with those of others that are visually perceived; they have an innate drive to do so. ㉤. That is, they seem to have an innate drive to imitate others whom they judge to be 'like me'.

① ㉠ ② ㉡ ③ ㉢ ④ ㉣ ⑤ ㉤

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 모의고사 대비
- ② 출제할 본문 하단에 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 모의고사 유형 선택하기 - 위치
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

⑨ 일치(영)

일치(영) - 일치(영)

Class: 이름:

1. 다음 중 글의 내용과 가장 일치하지 않는 것은?

A musical score within any film can add an additional layer to the film text, which goes beyond simply imitating the action viewed. In films that tell of futuristic worlds, composers, much like sound designers, have added freedom to create a world that is unknown and new to the viewer. However, unlike sound designers, composers often shy away from creating unique pieces that reflect these new worlds and often present musical scores that possess familiar structures and cadences. While it is possible that this may interfere with creativity and a sense of space and time, it in fact aids in viewer access to the film. Through recognizable scores, visions of the future or a galaxy far, far away can be placed within a recognizable context. Such familiarity allows the viewer to be placed in a comfortable space so that the film may then lead the viewer to what is an unfamiliar, but acceptable vision of a world different from their own.

- ① The use of familiar musical elements can make unknown worlds more accessible.
- ② Recognizable musical scores in films hinder viewer access and understanding of the film.
- ③ Composers in futuristic films are given the freedom to create unknown worlds.
- ④ Recognizable scores help viewers connect with unfamiliar film settings more easily.
- ⑤ Musical scores in films can enhance the viewing experience significantly.

2. 다음 중 글의 내용과 가장 일치하지 않는 것은?

Being able to prioritize your responses allows you to connect more deeply with individual customers, be it a one-off interaction around a particularly delightful or upsetting experience, or the development of a longer-term relationship with a significantly influential individual within your customer base. If you've ever posted a favorable comment — or any comment, for that matter — about a brand, product or service, think about what it would feel like if you were personally acknowledged by the brand manager, for example, as a result. In general, people post because they have something to say — and because they want to be recognized for having said it. In particular, when people post positive comments they are expressions of appreciation for the experience that led to the post. While a compliment to the person standing next to you is typically answered with a response like Thank You, the sad fact is that most brand compliments go unanswered. These are lost opportunities to understand what drove the compliments and create a solid fan based on them.

- ① Unfortunately, most brand compliments remain unanswered, missing valuable opportunities for engagement.
- ② Prioritizing responses helps connect deeply with individual customers for various reasons.
- ③ Positive comments are expressions of appreciation for a great experience.
- ④ People post online solely to receive personal acknowledgment from brands.
- ⑤ Imagine being acknowledged by a brand manager for a comment you posted.

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 모의고사 대비
- ② 출제할 본문 하단에 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 모의고사 유형 선택하기 - 일치(영)
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

⑩ 일치(한)

일치(한) - 일치(한)

Class:

이름:

1. 다음 중 글의 내용과 가장 일치하지 않는 것은?

Values alone do not create and build culture. Living your values only some of the time does not contribute to the creation and maintenance of culture. Changing values into behaviors is only half the battle. Certainly, this is a step in the right direction, but those behaviors must then be shared and distributed widely throughout the organization, along with a clear and concise description of what is expected. It is not enough to simply talk about it. It is critical to have a visual representation of the specific behaviors that leaders and all people managers can use to coach their people. Just like a sports team has a playbook with specific plays designed to help them perform well and win, your company should have a playbook with the key shifts needed to transform your culture into action and turn your values into winning behaviors.

- ① 행동은 조직 전체에 널리 공유돼야 한다.
- ② 가치를 행동으로 변화시키는 것은 반 이상이다.
- ③ 가치를 일부만 실천한다고 문화가 형성되지 않는다.
- ④ 문화 변화를 위한 플레이북을 만드는 것은 시간 낭비이다.
- ⑤ 기대되는 행동의 시각적 표현이 중요하다.

2. 다음 중 글의 내용과 가장 일치하지 않는 것은?

Managers of natural resources typically face market incentives that provide financial rewards for exploitation. For example, owners of forest lands have a market incentive to cut down trees rather than manage the forest for carbon capture, wildlife habitat, flood protection, and other ecosystem services. These services provide the owner with no financial benefits, and thus are unlikely to influence management decisions. But the economic benefits provided by these services, based on their non-market values, may exceed the economic value of the timber. For example, a United Nations initiative has estimated that the economic benefits of ecosystem services provided by tropical forests, including climate regulation, water purification, and erosion prevention, are over three times greater per hectare than the market benefits. Thus cutting down the trees is economically inefficient, and markets are not sending the correct signal to favor ecosystem services over extractive uses.

- ① 시장은 생태계 서비스의 실제 가치를 정확하게 반영하지 않는다.
- ② 개발에 대한 금전적 보상은 생태계 서비스의 가치를 크게 증가한다.
- ③ 숲 소유자들은 재정 인센티브 때문에 목재 추출을 우선시한다.
- ④ 탄소 포집과 같은 생태계 서비스는 직접적인 재정 보상을 제공하지 않는다.
- ⑤ 유엔 연구는 숲의 비시장적 이점이 목재 가치를 증가한다는 것을 보여준다.

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 모의고사 대비
- ② 출제할 본문 하단에 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 모의고사 유형 선택하기 - 일치(한)
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

종합 세트지

종합 - 종합

Class: 이름:

1. 다음 글의 전체 흐름과 가장 관계없는 문장은?

㉔ A musical score within any film can add an additional layer to the film text, which goes beyond simply imitating the action viewed. ㉕ In films that tell of futuristic worlds, composers, much like sound designers, have added freedom to create a world that is unknown and new to the viewer. ㉖ In some cases, film scores have been known to cause spontaneous dancing in audiences, leading to a new trend of musical flash mobs during screenings. However, unlike sound designers, composers often shy away from creating unique pieces that reflect these new worlds and often present musical scores that possess familiar structures and cadences. While it is possible that this may interfere with creativity and a sense of space and time, it in fact aids in viewer access to the film. ㉗ Through recognizable scores, visions of the future or a galaxy far, far away can be placed within a recognizable context. ㉘ Such familiarity allows the viewer to be placed in a comfortable space so that the film may then lead the viewer to what is an unfamiliar, but acceptable vision of a world different from their own.

① a ② b ③ c ④ d ⑤ e

2. 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

Living your values only some of the time does not contribute to the creation and maintenance of culture.

Values alone do not create and build culture. ㉑ Changing values into behaviors is only half the battle. ㉒ Certainly, this is a step in the right direction, but those behaviors must then be shared and distributed widely throughout the organization, along with a clear and concise description of what is expected. ㉓ It is not enough to simply talk about it. ㉔ It is critical to have a visual representation of the specific behaviors that leaders and all people managers can use to coach their people. Just like a sports team has a playbook with specific plays designed to help them perform well and win, your company should have a playbook with the key shifts needed to transform your culture into action and turn your values into winning behaviors. ㉕

① a ② b ③ c ④ d ⑤ e

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 모의고사 대비
- ② 출제할 본문 하단에 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 모의고사 유형 선택하기 - 원하는 유형 선택
- ④ 종합세트 문제 수 입력하기- 원하는 유형 선택
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

주의사항

문제지 생성 불가

오류발생 원인

***** 흐름에 맞지 않는 유형 주의! 문장 수가 지문 수보다 많으면 해석/스크램블 오류 발생**

문제지 생성 불가 (250 포인트 필요)

[수정하기](#) 버튼을 눌러 아래 이슈들을 해결해주세요.

지문 1: 영한 해석 적기 유형 10개 출제를 위해 지문 내 '단어 3개 이상 문장'의 수가 10개 이상 있어야 합니다 (현재 7개). 영한 해석 적기 문제 수를 줄이거나 지문에 출제 대상 문장을 더 추가해주세요.

지문 1: 스크램블 유형 10개 출제를 위해 지문 내 '단어 5개 이상 문장'의 수가 10개 이상 있어야 합니다 (현재 6개). 스크램블 문제 수를 줄이거나 지문에 출제 대상 문장을 더 추가해주세요.

지문 2 - 문장 11: 지문을 입력할 때 마침표(.) 뒤에 공백을 빠뜨린 건 아닌지 검토해주세요 (... she said.The pli...). 문장 마침표 뒤에 공백이 없으면 문장이 제대로 분리되지 않습니다.

지문 3 - 문장 3: 지문을 입력할 때 마침표(.) 뒤에 공백을 빠뜨린 건 아닌지 검토해주세요 (... canisters.Cave-di...). 문장 마침표 뒤에 공백이 없으면 문장이 제대로 분리되지 않습니다.

지문 4 - 문장 13: 지문을 입력할 때 마침표(.) 뒤에 공백을 빠뜨린 건 아닌지 검토해주세요 (...p Bunthong.John Ta...). 문장 마침표 뒤에 공백이 없으면 문장이 제대로 분리되지 않습니다.

문장 테스트

문장 테스트란?

- 제목과 출제할 본문을 복사-붙여넣기합니다.
- **문장 쪼개기**와 **한영해석** 버튼 클릭해 **자동**으로 1문장-영한번역 제공해드립니다
- 아래 총 4가지 유형(①~ ④)의 문제를 입력하신 수만큼 자동 생성해드립니다.

<유 형>

- ① 빈칸 문제
- ② 스크램블
- ③ 영작
- ④ 해석

문장 테스트 제목&문제 수

➤ 출제할 문제 제목과 문제 수를 입력합니다

문장 테스트 지문 수: 0 + ↶ ↷ 문장 쪼개기 영한 번역 저장

➤ ① (순서 고정) 빈칸 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
➤ ② (순서 고정) 스크램블 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
➤ ③ (순서 고정) 영작 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
➤ ④ (순서 고정) 해석 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
종합 시험 문제 세트 수	<input type="text" value="1"/>
빈칸 문항 수	<input type="text" value="2"/>
(순서 랜덤) 종합 시험 문제 세트 수 및 문항 수 (예시)	스크램블 문항 수
	<input type="text" value="2"/>
	영작 문항 수
	<input type="text" value="2"/>
	해석 문항 수

문장테스트 본문 예시

- 출제할 본문을 복사-붙여넣기합니다
- 좌측에 영어 본문을, 복사-붙여넣기 합니다.

③

영어 문장 및 한국어 해석 입력

④

영어 문장

영어 문장
문장 1
문장 2
문장 3
문장 4
문장 5
문장 6
문장 7
문장 8
문장 9
문장 10

영어 문장 및 한국어 해석 입력

⑤

영어 문장

문장 1

One of the most striking characteristics of a sleeping animal or person is that they do not respond normally to environmental stimuli. If you open the eyelids of a sleeping mammal the eyes will not see normally, they are functionally blind. Some visual information apparently gets in, but it is not normally processed as it is shortened or weakened; same with the other sensing systems. Stimuli are registered but not processed normally and they fail to wake the individual. Perceptual disengagement probably serves the function of protecting sleep, so some authors do not count it as part of the definition of sleep itself. But as sleep would be impossible without it, it seems essential to its definition. Nevertheless, many animals (including humans) use the intermediate state of drowsiness to derive some benefits of sleep without total perceptual disengagement.

문장테스트 본문 예시

- 문장 쪼개기를 클릭해 하나의 문장씩 분류합니다. (*문장 1 행 클릭하고나서)
- 확인 버튼 눌러 문장단위로 쪼개기

문장 테스트 문장테스트 지문 수: 1 + ⏪ ⏩ 문장 쪼개기 영한 입력 저장

빈칸 문항 수: 2

(순서 랜덤) 종합 시험 문제 세트 수 및 문항 수 (예시): 스크램블 문항 수: 2

영작 문항 수: 2

해석 문항 수: 2

www.ginedu.com 내용:
선택한 행의 문단을 문장 단위로 쪼개시겠습니까?

확인 취소

영어 문장 및 한국어 해석 입력

영어 문장

한국어 해석

영어 문장 및 한국어 해석 입력

	영어 문장
문장 1	One of the most striking characteristics of a sleeping animal or person is that they do not respond normally to environmental stimuli.
문장 2	If you open the eyelids of a sleeping mammal the eyes will not see normally, they are functionally blind.
문장 3	Some visual information apparently gets in, but it is not normally processed as it is shortened or weakened; same with the other sensing systems.
문장 4	Stimuli are registered but not processed normally and they fail to wake the individual.
문장 5	Perceptual disengagement probably serves the function of protecting sleep, so some authors do not count it as part of the definition of sleep itself.
문장 6	But as sleep would be impossible without it, it seems essential to its definition.
문장 7	Nevertheless, many animals (including humans) use the intermediate state of drowsiness to derive some benefits of sleep without total perceptual disengagement.

문장테스트 본문 예시

➤ 분류된 하나의 문장들을 클릭 후 영한 해석 클릭

www.ginedu.com 내용:
 선택한 행의 한국어 해석을 자동으로 채우시겠습니까?

9

10

영어 문장 및 한국어 해석 입력

	영어 문장	한국어 해석
문장 1	One of the most striking characteristics of a sleeping animal or person is that they do not respond normally to environmental stimuli.	잠자는 동물이나 사람의 가장 눈에 띄는 특징 중 하나는 환경 자극에 정상적으로 반응하지 않는다는 것입니다.
문장 2	If you open the eyelids of a sleeping mammal the eyes will not see normally, they are functionally blind.	잠자는 포유류의 눈꺼풀을 열면 눈은 정상적으로 볼 수 없으며 기능적으로는 눈이 멀게 됩니다.
문장 3	Some visual information apparently gets in, but it is not normally processed as it is shortened or weakened; same with the other sensing systems.	시각적 정보 중 일부가 들어오는 것으로 보이지만 단축되거나 약화되어 정상적으로 처리되지 않습니다. 다른 감지 시스템과 동일합니다.
문장 4	Stimuli are registered but not processed normally and they fail to wake the individual.	자극은 등록되지만 정상적으로 처리되지 않으며 개인을 깨우지 못합니다.
문장 5	Perceptual disengagement probably serves the function of protecting sleep, so some authors do not count it as part of the definition of sleep itself.	지각 이탈은 아마도 수면을 보호하는 기능을 수행할 것이므로 일부 저자는 이를 수면 자체의 정의의 일부로 간주하지 않습니다.
문장 6	But as sleep would be impossible without it, it seems essential to its definition.	그러나 수면이 없으면 수면이 불가능하기 때문에 수면은 수면의 정의에 필수적인 것 같습니다.
문장 7	Nevertheless, many animals (including humans) use the intermediate state of drowsiness to derive some benefits of sleep without total perceptual disengagement.	그럼에도 불구하고 인간을 포함한 많은 동물은 잠의 중간 상태를 사용하여 완전한 지각 이탈 없이 수면의 일부 이점을 얻습니다.

문제지 저장 후 출력

➤ 출제할 구성 완료후 저장을 클릭합니다

꼭 저장을 눌러주셔야 문제지 출력이 가능합니다

문장 테스트 지문 수: 0 + ↶ ↷ 문장 쪼개기 영한 번역 **⑪ 저장**

(순서 고정) 빈칸 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
(순서 고정) 스크램블 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
(순서 고정) 영작 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
(순서 고정) 해석 문제 세트 수 (예시)	<input type="text" value="1"/>
종합 시험 문제 세트 수	<input type="text" value="1"/>
빈칸 문항 수	<input type="text" value="2"/>
(순서 랜덤) 종합 시험 문제 세트 수 및 문항 수 (예시)	스크램블 문항 수 <input type="text" value="2"/>
	영작 문항 수 <input type="text" value="2"/>
	해석 문항 수 <input type="text" value="2"/>

문제지 생성하기

➤ 처리전 - 문제지 생성하기 클릭- 포인트 차감내용 확인 후 확인 클릭-문제 제작중/PDF 생성중(최대 10분소요)

[문장 테스트] ord2_earth

작성자: 박지원 (2024-05-27 13:35:21) **처리 전**

12 문제지 생성하기 (포인트 차감 없음: 오늘 잔여 무료 2회) 버튼을 누르면 문제지 생성이 시작됩니다.

www.ginedu.com 내용:

문제지 생성을 시작할까요? 4 포인트가 차감됩니다.

아래 [출제 문장] 탭에서 지문이 문장 단위로 잘 쪼개졌는지 검토해본 뒤 진행해주세요.

13 **확인** 취소

[문장 테스트] ord2_earth

작성자: 박지원 (2024-05-27 13:35:21) **PDF 생성중 (25%)**

[문장 테스트] ord2_earth

작성자: 박지원 (2024-05-27 13:35:21) **문제 제작중 (75%)**

문장테스트 문제지 다운받기

➤ 제작완료 -전체파일 다운 또는 개별 파일(문제지/답지) 다운로드 가능

[문장 테스트] ord2_earth ¹⁴

작성자: 김동휘 (2024-05-24 15:29:12)

제작 완료

¹⁵ 제작된 시험지/답지 다운로드

전체 파일 한번에 다운로드 하기

- [ord2_earth.zip](#)

개별 파일 다운로드 및 미리보기

- [exam_ord2_earth 빈칸 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [exam_ord2_earth 스크램블 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [exam_ord2_earth 영작 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [exam_ord2_earth 해석 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [exam_ord2_earth 종합 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)

- [sol_ord2_earth 빈칸 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [sol_ord2_earth 스크램블 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [sol_ord2_earth 영작 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [sol_ord2_earth 해석 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)
- [sol_ord2_earth 종합 1.pdf \(미리보기\)](#)

① 빈칸 문제

빈칸 - 빈칸

Class:

이름:

1	Norms _____ in _____ as a result of people conforming to the _____ of _____ 규범은 사람들이 다른 사람들의 행동을 따르는 결과로 집단적으로 나타납니다.
2	_____ the _____ of a norm occurs when _____ person acts in a particular _____ in a particular situation _____ she thinks she ought to. 따라서 규범의 시작은 한 사람이 자신이 그래야 한다고 생각하기 때문에 특정 상황에서 특정 방식으로 행동할 때 발생합니다.
3	_____ _____ conform to this behavior for a _____ of reasons. 그러면 다른 사람들도 여러 가지 이유로 이 행동을 따를 수 있습니다.
4	The person who _____ the initial action may think that _____ ought to _____ as _____ behaves in situations of this _____ 최초의 행동을 취한 사람은 이런 종류의 상황에서 자신이 행동하는 것처럼 다른 사람들도 행동해야 한다고 생각할 수 있습니다.
5	_____ _____ may prescribe the behavior to them _____ uttering the _____ _____ in a prescriptive manner. 따라서 그녀는 규범적인 방식으로 규범 진술을 발화함으로써 그들에게 행동을 처방할 수 있습니다.
6	_____ she may communicate that conformity is _____ in _____ ways, such as _____ 또는 몸짓과 같은 다른 방법으로 순응이 필요하다는 것을 전달할 수도 있습니다.
7	_____ addition, she _____ threaten to _____ them for _____ behaving as _____ wishes. 게다가 그녀는 자신이 원하는 대로 행동하지 않으면 그들을 제재하겠다고 위협할 수도 있습니다.
8	_____ will cause some to _____ to her wishes and _____ as _____ acts. 이로 인해 일부 사람들은 그녀의 바람에 따르고 그녀가 행동하는 대로 행동하게 될 것입니다.
9	_____ _____ not _____ to have the behavior prescribed to them. 그러나 어떤 사람들은 그들에게 규정된 행동을 가질 필요가 없을 것입니다.
10	They _____ observe the regularity of _____ and decide on _____ own that they _____ to _____ 그들은 행동의 규칙성을 관찰하고 준수해야 하는지 스스로 결정할 것입니다.
11	They may do so for _____ _____ or _____ 그들은 합리적이거나 도덕적인 이유로 그렇게 할 수 있습니다.
12	_____ sometimes described as a winner-take-all contest, meaning that there _____ no rewards for being _____ _____ third. 과학은 때때로 승자독식 대회로 묘사되는데, 이는 2위나 3위가 되어도 보상이 없다는 의미입니다.

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 브릭스 리딩 복습문제
- ② 본문 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 문제 유형 세트 입력하기 - 빈칸 문제
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

② 스크램블

스크램블 - 스크램블

Class:

이름:

1	Norms emerge in (groups / as / result / behavior / of / a / the / to / conforming / people) of others. 규범은 사람들이 다른 사람들의 행동을 따르는 결과로 집단적으로 나타납니다.
2	Thus, the start of a (person / particular / one / occurs / in / manner / a / when / acts / norm) in a particular situation because she thinks she ought to. 따라서 규범의 시작은 한 사람이 자신이 그래야 한다고 생각하기 때문에 특정 상황에서 특정 방식으로 행동할 때 발생합니다.
3	(then / Others / number / may / a / for / behavior / conform / to / this) of reasons. 그러면 다른 사람들도 여러 가지 이유로 이 행동을 따를 수 있습니다.
4	The person (action / may / performed / think / others / who / that / the / initial / ought) to behave as she behaves in situations of this sort. 최초의 행동을 취한 사람은 이런 종류의 상황에서 자신이 행동하는 것처럼 다른 사람들도 행동해야 한다고 생각할 수 있습니다.
5	Thus, she may prescribe the (a / uttering / the / behavior / by / them / to / norm / in / statement) prescriptive manner. 따라서 그녀는 규범적인 방식으로 규범 진술을 발화함으로써 그들에게 행동을 처방할 수 있습니다.
6	Alternately, she may (as / is / ways, / conformity / that / communicate / other / such / desired / in) by gesturing. 또는 몸짓과 같은 다른 방법으로 순응이 필요하다는 것을 전달할 수도 있습니다.
7	In (to / sanction / for / them / not / addition, / may / threaten / she / behaving) as she wishes. 게다가 그녀는 자신이 원하는 대로 행동하지 않으면 그들을 제재하겠다고 위협할 수도 있습니다.
8	(to / conform / cause / This / some / to / and / wishes / will / her) act as she acts. 이로 인해 일부 사람들은 그녀의 바람에 따르고 그녀가 행동하는 대로 행동하게 될 것입니다.

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 브릭스 리딩 복습문제
- ② 본문 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 문제 유형 셋트 입력하기 - 스크램블
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

③ 영작 문제

한영 - 한영

Class:

이름:

1	규범은 사람들이 다른 사람들의 행동을 따르는 결과로 집단적으로 나타납니다.
2	따라서 규범의 시작은 한 사람이 자신이 그래야 한다고 생각하기 때문에 특정 상황에서 특정 방식으로 행동할 때 발생합니다.
3	그러면 다른 사람들도 여러 가지 이유로 이 행동을 따를 수 있습니다.
4	최초의 행동을 취한 사람은 이런 종류의 상황에서 자신이 행동하는 것처럼 다른 사람들도 행동해야 한다고 생각할 수 있습니다.
5	따라서 그녀는 규범적인 방식으로 규범 진술을 발화함으로써 그들에게 행동을 처방할 수 있습니다.
6	또는 몸짓과 같은 다른 방법으로 순응이 필요하다는 것을 전달할 수도 있습니다.
7	게다가 그녀는 자신이 원하는 대로 행동하지 않으면 그들을 제재하겠다고 위협할 수도 있습니다.
8	이로 인해 일부 사람들은 그녀의 바람에 따르고 그녀가 행동하는 대로 행동하게 될 것입니다.
9	그러나 어떤 사람들은 그들에게 규정된 행동을 가질 필요가 없을 것입니다.
10	그들은 행동의 규칙성을 관찰하고 준수해야 하는지 스스로 결정할 것입니다.

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 브릭스 리딩 복습문제
- ② 본문 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 문제 유형 세트 입력하기 - 영작 문제
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

④ 해석 문제

영한 - 영한

Class:

이름:

1	Norms emerge in groups as a result of people conforming to the behavior of others.
2	Thus, the start of a norm occurs when one person acts in a particular manner in a particular situation because she thinks she ought to.
3	Others may then conform to this behavior for a number of reasons.
4	The person who performed the initial action may think that others ought to behave as she behaves in situations of this sort.
5	Thus, she may prescribe the behavior to them by uttering the norm statement in a prescriptive manner.
6	Alternately, she may communicate that conformity is desired in other ways, such as by gesturing.
7	In addition, she may threaten to sanction them for not behaving as she wishes.
8	This will cause some to conform to her wishes and act as she acts.
9	But some others will not need to have the behavior prescribed to them.
10	They will observe the regularity of behavior and decide on their own that they ought to conform.
11	They may do so for either rational or moral reasons.
12	Science is sometimes described as a winner-take-all contest, meaning that there are no rewards for being second or third.

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 브릭스 리딩 복습문제
- ② 본문 붙여넣기 + 출제 대상 문장 선택
- ③ 문제 유형 셋트 입력하기 - 해석 문제
- ④ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑤ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드

종합 세트지

종합 - 종합

Class:

이름:

1	Thus, the start of a norm occurs when one _____ acts in a particular _____ in a particular situation because _____ she ought _____ 따라서 규범의 시작은 한 사람이 자신이 그래야 한다고 생각하기 때문에 특정 상황에서 특정 방식으로 행동할 때 발생합니다.
2	But _____ not _____ to have the _____ prescribed to them. 그러나 어떤 사람들은 그들에게 규정된 행동을 가질 필요가 없을 것입니다.
3	It is also _____ to the _____ that it suggests that _____ a _____ of contests _____ 또한 소수의 콘테스트만 존재한다는 점을 시사할 정도로 부정확합니다.
4	_____ then _____ to this behavior for a number of _____ 그러면 다른 사람들도 여러 가지 이유로 이 행동을 따를 수 있습니다.
5	_____ she may _____ the behavior to them _____ uttering the norm statement in a _____ 따라서 그녀는 규범적인 방식으로 규범 진술을 발화함으로써 그들에게 행동을 처방할 수 있습니다.
6	(But / other / contests / many / multiple / and / number / have / parts, / the) of such contests may be increasing. 그러나 다른 많은 콘테스트는 여러 부분으로 구성되어 있으며 이러한 콘테스트의 수가 증가할 수 있습니다.
7	(reasons. / They / rational / moral / for / either / may / do / so / or) 그들은 합리적이거나 도덕적인 이유로 그렇게 할 수 있습니다.
8	They (decide / the / observe / will / of / behavior / their / on / and / regularity) own that they ought to conform. 그들은 행동의 규칙성을 관찰하고 준수해야 하는지 스스로 결정할 것입니다.
9	A (mutation / in / going / favorable / to / is / be / more / represented / heavily) the next generation, since the organism in which it occurred will have more offspring and mutations are transmitted to the offspring. 유리한 돌연변이는 다음 세대에서 더 많이 나타날 것입니다. 그 이유는 그것이 발생한 유기체가 더 많은 자손을 갖게 되고 돌연변이가 자손에게 전달되기 때문입니다.

순서대로 따라하기

- ① 제목 입력하기 ex) 문장 테스트
- ② 출제할 영어 문장 붙여넣기 + 출제 한국어 해석 붙여넣기
- ③ 출제할 유형 문제 수 입력
- ④ 종합세트 문제 수 입력하기
- ⑤ 저장 - 포인트 차감 확인
- ⑥ 제작 완료 후 문제지/답지 다운로드